



UGANDA: BIRDING AND MAMMAL TRIP REPORT

14–30 JULY 2022

By Dominic Rollinson



We could not have asked for better views of Green-breasted Pitta in Kibale Forest.

Overview

This customized 17-day version of our set-departure Uganda tour took in most of the classic Ugandan birding and wildlife sites, however we did not visit Semliki Forest or Mgahinga Gorilla Reserve, in the southwest. We were able to target (and find) many of the Albertine Rift bird endemics and then of course sought out a host of charismatic and iconic Ugandan birds such as **Shoebill**, **Green-breasted Pitta** and **Grauer's Broadbill** and then enjoyed ourselves as we focused on other classic Ugandan wildlife such as **Eastern (Mountain) Gorilla**, **Chimpanzee**, various other primates and many more.



Eastern (Mountain) Gorilla trekking was one of the many highlights of this tour.

This tour took place in mid to late July which meant we were there before the rainy season and thankfully weather played almost no role on this tour, with only one downpour in Murchison Falls and temperatures being mild throughout. By visiting Uganda in July, it also meant we had very good chances of finding **Green-breasted Pitta** and **Grauer's Broadbill** which both certainly played along! All in all, we managed a trip list of 490 bird species with 471 of those seen and 19 heard only, as well as 41 species of mammals which included some highly charismatic and most-wanted species (detailed bird and mammal lists can be found at the end of this report).

The tour also took in some splendid scenery and environments such as the highland forests of Bwindi Impenetrable Forest and the mighty Murchison Falls on the Nile River. Uganda birding tours have so much diversity and wonder to offer, and this tour certainly did not disappoint!

Detailed Report

Day 1, 14th July 2022. Birding around Entebbe

With the entire group having arrived at least the day before, we were able to get up early and begin exploring the leafy garden of our hotel and the surrounding area. It didn't take long until we had built up a decent list of the common birds of Entebbe which included the likes of **Palm-nut Vulture**, **African Goshawk**, **African Hobby**, **Grey Parrot**, **African Grey Woodpecker**, **Double-toothed Barbet**, **Ross's Turaco**, **Eastern Plantain-eater**, **Jacobin Cuckoo**, **African Green Pigeon**, **Black-headed Gonolek** and **Red-chested**, **Scarlet-chested**, **Green-headed** and **Variable Sunbirds**.



*The ridiculous-looking **Ross's Turaco** showed well for us in Entebbe.*

After lunch we headed out to the Entebbe Botanical Garden where we enjoyed walking underneath the massive trees which line Lake Victoria. As we stepped off the vehicle, we found **Black-necked Weaver**, **Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird**, **Crowned Hornbill** and a kettle of **Hooded Vultures** and **Marabou Storks**. We soon heard the loud call of the massive **Great Blue Turaco** which took some time to track down but eventually showed well for us all. As we wandered through the gardens, new birds kept appearing such as **African Goshawk**, **Green Crombec**, **Black-and-white-casqued Hornbill**, **Red-bellied Paradise Flycatcher**, **Little Greenbul**, **Rüppell's Starling** and **Olive**, **Olive-bellied** and **Green-throated Sunbirds**. Down at the lakeside we added **Western Cattle** and **Little Egrets**, **African Openbill** and **Pied Kingfisher**. After a good first day in Uganda, we had an enjoyable dinner and ended with a very showy pair of **African Wood Owls** in the garden.

Day 2, 15th July 2022. Mabamba Swamp and transfer to Lake Mburo

This morning included our much-anticipated boat trip on Mabamba Swamp to connect with perhaps the most desired target bird of any trip to Uganda – the prehistoric-looking Shoebill. We left Entebbe before sunrise and arrived at the swamp not long after sunrise and headed out on three motorized boats in search of quarry. It didn't take long before word of a nearby Shoebill spread and we headed off towards a very tight channel. Unfortunately, only two of our boats could squeeze down the channel for point-blank, full-body views (with the other boat enjoying good head views only) of the mighty **Shoebill** before it took flight to another section of the swamp. Our drivers managed to track it down again and we had further views and later on had close-up flight views. A great way to start our Uganda birding tour! While navigating through the various channels and bays of the swamp we added a number of waterbirds and water-associated species such as **African Marsh Harrier, White-faced Whistling Duck, African Swamphen, Long-toed Lapwing, African Jacana, White-winged Tern, Squacco, Grey and Purple Herons, Great, Intermediate and Little Egrets, Blue-headed Coucal, Winding Cisticola**, and a number of beautiful **Blue-breasted Bee-eaters**. Overhead we encountered several aerial feeders such as **African Palm, Little and White-rumped Swifts, White-headed Saw-wing, Banded Martin and Grey-rumped, Angolan, Barn and Red-breasted Swallows**.



*We had great views of the iconic **Shoebill** in Mabamba Swamp.*

After our boat ride we briefly birded the woodlands around the swamp which produced **Brown-throated Wattle-eye, Black-headed Gonolek, African Blue Flycatcher, Grey-headed Nigrita, Village Indigobird, Brimstone Canary** and our only **Red-headed Lovebirds** of the trip.

After a successful morning at Mabamba, we were on our way and enjoyed lunch at the Equator, with the obligatory photos in the midday heat, before we kept heading west towards Lake Mburo

National Park where we were based for the next two nights. Along the road we kept on picking up new birds such as **Shikra**, **Lilac-breasted Roller**, **Grey-backed Fiscal**, **Mourning Collared Dove**, **Marico Sunbird** and others. Once we hit the final stretch of dirt road to the park, we took our time and enjoyed some fine woodland birding. Highlights here included: **Crested Francolin**, **Red-necked Spurfowl**, **White-browed Coucal**, **Senegal and African Wattled Lapwings**, **Blue-naped Mousebird**, **Olive Bee-eater**, **Spot-flanked Barbet**, **Tropical Boubou**, **Wattled Starling**, **Holub's Golden Weaver** and a **Snowy-crowned Robin-Chat** as we arrived at our lodge. After a long drive we fell asleep to the sounds of **Freckled** and **Square-tailed Nightjars** and **Rock Hyrax**.

Day 3, 16th July 2022. Birding Lake Mburo National Park

Today we had the full day to explore the Lake Mburo area and to track down as many of our targets as possible. As we left our lodge at sunrise, we found our first **Trilling Cisticola**, **Bare-faced Go-away-bird**, **Bateleur**, **Brown-backed Scrub Robin**, **Orange-breasted Bushshrike** and our only **White-headed Barbet** of the trip. At the Lake Mburo National Park entrance gate, we enjoyed a good bird party which held the likes of **Grey Penduline Tit**, **Striped** and **Woodland Kingfishers**, **Buff-bellied Warbler**, **Grey-backed Camaroptera** and **Black-lored Babbler**. Overhead we had **Mosque** and **Red-rumped Swallows** and a single **Brown-throated Martin**. Once we made it into the park, we soon found the localized **Long-tailed Cisticola** while the large herds of **African Buffalo** were adorned with **Yellow-billed Oxpeckers**. We enjoyed our first looks at other large game here including the likes of **Plains Zebra**, **Impala**, (Defassa) **Waterbuck**, (Rothschild's) **Giraffe** and large troops of **Olive Baboon** and **Vervet Monkey**.



Bare-faced Go-away-birds kept us entertained at Lake Mburo National Park.

We arrived at Lake Mburo in the late morning for our boat trip where **African Finfoot** was our primary target. It did not take long to locate our quarry and we eventually ended up seeing three individuals over the next couple of hours. Other waterbirds seen here included **Rufous-bellied, Striated** and **Goliath Herons, Hamerkop, Water Thick-knee, Black Crake, Long-toed** and **Spur-winged Lapwings, African Openbill** and good numbers of **African Fish Eagles**. While on our boat cruise we also saw many pods of **Hippopotamus** and a few massive **Nile Crocodiles**.

Our late-afternoon game drive around the park was a little quiet however we did still manage to find **Nubian Woodpecker, White-backed Vulture, Emerald-spotted Wood Dove, Sooty Chat** and **Variable Sunbird**. We also checked the open areas for **Brown-chested Lapwing** which eventually showed for us (well spotted Harriet!). We birded around the lodge in the late afternoon which was nice and birdy and gave us sightings of **Grey Tit-Flycatcher, Snowy-crowned Robin-Chat, Yellow-throated Leaflove** (Greenbul), **Tropical Boubou** and **Red-faced Crombec**. As darkness fell, we had flyby views of both **Square-tailed** and **Freckled Nightjars** before enjoying another delicious meal and calling it a day.

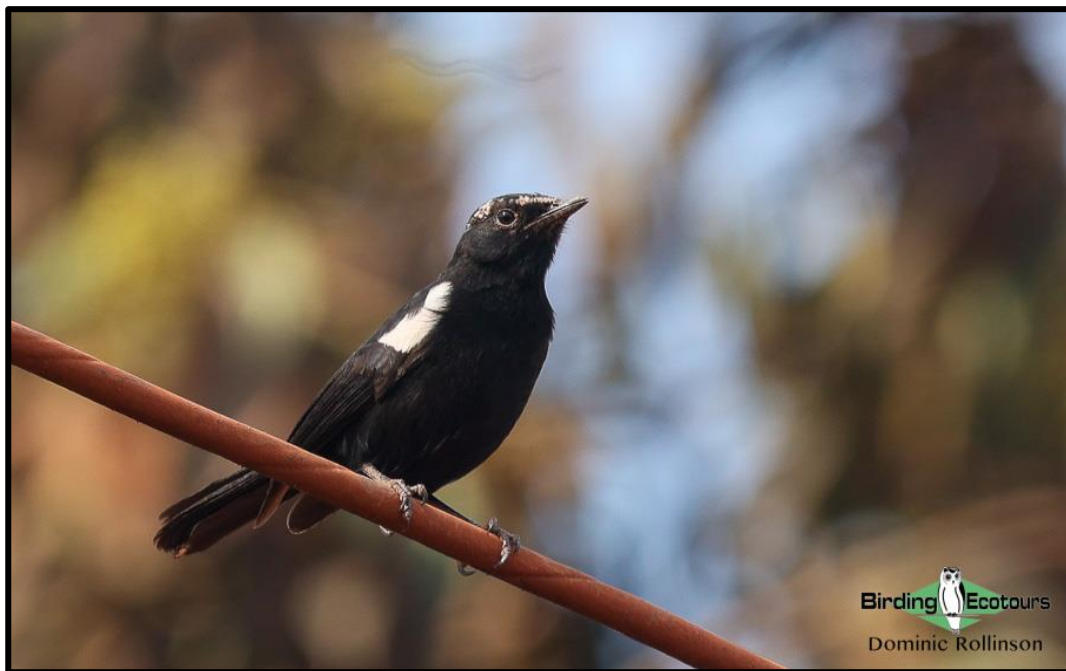
Day 4, 17th July 2022. Lake Mburo to Ruhija

As we were still missing our primary target of the area, Red-faced Barbet, we decided to head back into the park to bird the woodlands around the entrance gate. It did not take long before we had a pair of **Red-faced Barbets** with a **Black-collared Barbet** in tow and we enjoyed prolonged looks of these two similar barbets, both with very restricted ranges in Uganda. This morning proved particularly birdy and we also added **Common Scimitarbill, Green Wood Hoopoe, Grey-headed Kingfisher, Southern Black Flycatcher, Black-bellied Bustard, African Grey Hornbill, Fawn-breasted Waxbill** and **Gabar Goshawk**. After a late breakfast, we then hit the long road to Ruhija.



Red-faced Barbet took some finding at Lake Mburo National Park.

Along the drive we stopped for good looks at **Grey Crowned Crane**, **Yellow-billed** and **Woolly-necked Storks** and **Pink-backed Pelican**. A stop at a papyrus swamp gave us **Swamp Flycatcher**, **African Stonechat**, **Greater Swamp Warbler**, **Carruther's Cisticola**, **Western Citril**, **Slender-billed Weaver** and an **African Yellow Warbler** which we tried to turn into Papyrus Yellow Warbler but had to settle with its commoner cousin. The calling **White-winged Swamp Warblers** would unfortunately not show themselves. The increase in elevation meant that we started seeing birds such as **Bronzy Sunbird**, **Augur Buzzard**, **Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater** and our main target for the drive, **Ruaha Chat**. After a long drive we made it into Ruhija just as the sun was setting and looked forward to the prospect of tomorrow's Mubwindi Swamp hike.



Ruaha Chat was incredibly confiding!

Day 5, 18th July 2022. Mubwindi Swamp walk

We had our breakfast before dawn and were soon on our way to the start of the famous Mubwindi Swamp hike. The hike is well-known in birding circles as it represents the best chance of finding the range-restricted **Grauer's Broadbill** which otherwise only occurs in tropical rainforests of the Democratic Republic of Congo where birding possibilities are extremely limited. It also offers great opportunities to see a whole host of Albertine Rift endemics. It is however a long, grueling walk which resulted in some aching bodies at the end of the day! We had the local expert Raymond with us, who amazed us with his ability to spot birds in the dim light of the forest understory.

Right as we started the walk, we started ticking off Albertine Rift endemics in the form of **Regal Sunbird** which showed well for us in the gloomy light. Next up was **Mountain Illadopsis** which we managed to coax out of the bushes for some very brief glimpses, soon followed by much showier **Ruwenzori** and **Mountain Masked Apalises**. As we made our way down through the rainforest we added a long list of new species such as **Northern Puffback**, **Albertine Sooty**

Boubou (for some), **Grey Cuckooshrike**, **Mountain Oriole**, **Olive-breasted**, **Slender-billed**, **Yellow-whiskered** and **Yellow-streaked Greenbuls**, **Red-faced Woodland Warbler**, **Black-faced (Banded) Prinia**, **Chestnut-throated Apalis**, **Rwenzori Hill Babbler**, **Yellow-eyed Black Flycatcher**, **Waller's Starling**, **Abyssinian Thrush**, **Rwenzori Batis**, **White-eyed Slaty Flycatcher**, **Blue-headed** and **Northern Double-collared Sunbirds** and **Brown-capped Weaver**. Alarming **Blue Monkeys** gave away the presence of a **Crowned Eagle** as it flew overhead.

Once we made it to the lower elevations closer to the swamp, Raymond excitedly announced that the **Grauer's Broadbill** was calling and we soon heard the high-pitched calls of this rare species. It did not take long until we found the bird in the mid-stratum and enjoyed good views as it sat quietly. The bird soon flushed and we spent the next while trying to improve our views. We did eventually have prolonged, but distant, views of a fledged chick which was occasionally fed by the adult.

We enjoyed our lunch on the edge of Mubwindi Swamp where we eventually managed to see **Grauer's Swamp Warbler**, however the calling **African Rails** and **Red-chested Flufftails** would not show for us. Other birds seen at the swamp included **Mountain Buzzard**, **Black-and-white Mannikin**, **Western Citril**, **Carruther's** and **Chubb's Cisticolas** and **Black Saw-wing**.

In the early afternoon we began the long, slow walk back up the hill which resulted in many further new birds such as **Black-billed Turaco**, **Grey-throated Barbet**, **Rwenzori** and **Chinspot Batises**, **Dusky** and **Stripe-breasted Tits**, **White-browed Crombec**, **Black-throated Apalis**, **Archer's Ground** and **White-starred Robins**, **Strange Weaver** and **Red-headed Malimbe**, with the highlight being a **Lagden's Bushshrike** – well found Cris!



Rwenzori Batis was one of the many Albertine Rift endemics we saw on the Mubwindi Swamp hike.

In the late afternoon we finally made it back to the road and cheered as our vehicle rounded the corner to fetch us! This ended our highly successful Mubwindi Swamp walk which was to be referred to as the Mubwindi Death March for the remainder of the trip, as it really is a grueling day out!

Day 6, 19th July 2022. Birding Ruhija and The Neck, and transfer to Buhoma

For those who were keen, we had a predawn start for **Montane (Rwenzori) Nightjar** which eventually showed for us after some work. The rest of the morning was spent birding the forest edge looking for a number of montane forest specials and we were again successful in locating most of our targets. A flowering tree had good numbers of sunbirds present including our desired **Purple-breasted Sunbird** along with **Green-headed, Collared, Bronzy** and **Regal Sunbirds**. Further down the track, some managed to see **Mountain Yellow Warbler** which proved very difficult to locate. Other good birds included **Western Tinkerbird, Slender-billed, Sharpe's** and **Violet-backed Starlings, Thick-billed Seedeater** and a calling **Doherty's Bushshrike** which would not reveal itself! Along the 'School Track' we had good views of **Fine-banded Woodpecker** and a relatively showy pair of **Grauer's Warblers**.



*We had to settle for this eclipse plumage male **Purple-breasted Sunbird** in Ruhija.*

After lunch back at our lodge we hit the road and started making our way to the lower elevations of Buhoma. Progress was slow as the birding was good. A roadside stop yielded **Petit's Cuckooshrike, Narina Trogon** and more **Stripe-breasted Tits**. We made a quick stop in the farmlands for Dusky Twinspot which did not materialize, however we were happy with **Yellow-crowned Canary** and **Streaky Seedeater**.

Further down we stopped at some mid-elevation forest which is known as 'The Neck'. Here we found further good birds in the form of **African Black Duck**, **Black Bee-eater**, **Plain** and **Red-tailed Greenbul**, **Green Hylia**, **Mountain Wagtail**, **Cassin's Flycatcher**, **Black-faced Rufous Warbler** and **Grey-headed Sunbird**. The remainder of the drive to Buhoma was fairly quiet and we arrived at our lovely lodge in the late afternoon and enjoyed a delicious meal to cap off the day.



*We enjoyed watching this cute **Cassin's Flycatcher** hunting from its perch at 'The Neck'.*

Day 7, 20th July 2022. Buhoma main trail birding

After an early breakfast we set out along the main Buhoma trail which starts off in more open secondary forest and ultimately leads into primary forest where some of the more specialized deep forest species occur. New birds came thick and fast as we started birding the secondary forest close to the park offices with the likes of **Lühder's Bushshrike**, **African** and **Black-and-white Shrike-Flycatchers**, **Yellow-spotted Barbet**, **Cassin's Honeybird**, **Elliot's Woodpecker**, **Petit's Cuckooshrike**, **White-chinned Prinia**, **Grey** and **Buff-throated Apalises**, **Olive-green Camaroptera**, **Black-billed Weaver**, **Grey-winged** and calling **Blue-shouldered Robin-Chats** and **Grey-throated Tit-Flycatcher**, all making their way onto our list. Once we got into the primary forest, we were able to eek out a few more specialized forest species such as **Dusky Long-tailed Cuckoo**, **African Broadbill**, **Bar-tailed Trogon**, **Chestnut Wattle-eye**, **Willard's Sooty Boubou**, **Ansorge's Honeyguide** and **Plain Greenbul**, **Red-faced Woodland Warbler**, **Grey-chinned** and **Little Green Sunbirds**, **Sooty Flycatcher** and **Red-throated Alethe** (for Jim only). Unfortunately, **Western Bronze-naped Pigeon** and **Jameson's Antpecker** would only make it onto the heard-only list for the day. At the turnaround point of the trail we heard **Neumann's Warbler** calling and spent a while crawling around the forest floor with eventually some of us

managing to get brief views of this skulker. After another excellent day of forest birding, we headed back to our lodge and looked forward to the exciting prospect of tomorrow's gorilla trekking!



Red-tailed Monkey, one of the many primate species seen on this tour.

Day 8, 21st July 2022. Gorilla trekking and late afternoon forest birding

Today was to be one of the many highlights of the trip as we spent the morning trekking **Eastern (Mountain) Gorillas** in the Buhoma section of Bwindi Impenetrable Forest! After our briefing and some traditional dancing, we set off with our rangers and guides. Thankfully, Harriet had arranged for our group to go visit a nearby family group, with Dom visiting another gorilla group which required a slightly longer hike. We all then spent a thoroughly enjoyable hour watching these impressive and gentle apes as they went about their daily return and all managed to see huge male silverbacks, females and playful juveniles and babies.

After a most enjoyable morning with the gorillas, we went back to our accommodation and had lunch and decided to take a couple of hours off in the heat of the early afternoon. Later in the afternoon we headed out to bird the secondary forest along the Buhoma main trail to see if we could find any of our still-missing forest targets. The birding was a little on the slow side, however we did steadily catch up on several of our missing targets. These included the likes of **Tambourine Dove**, **Buff-spotted**, **Yellow-crested** (Golden-crested) and **Olive Woodpeckers**, **Bocage's Bushshrike**, **Pink-footed Puffback** (a catch-up for some), **Ashy Flycatcher** and a distant and brief flock of **Scarce Swift**. We also enjoyed better looks at **Mountain Oriole**, **Slender-billed** and **Little Greenbuls**, **White-chinned Prinia**, and the attractive **Black-throated Apalis**. Tonight would be our last dinner in the Bwindi area and we were treated to a very tasty traditional meal.

Day 9, 22nd July 2022. Transfer to Queen Elizabeth National Park and afternoon birding

We had an early breakfast and then started making our way north towards Queen Elizabeth National Park where we would be birding for the next couple of days. We made a stop a couple of hours further north where we managed to find our target **Red-throated Wryneck**, while **African Blue Flycatcher** showed well too. The rest of the drive to the Ishasha section was uneventful and we entered the park in the late morning and spent the next few hours driving through the park enjoying the many birds and animals on offer. The open savanna produced some more great birds in the form of **Jacobin Cuckoo**, **Senegal Lapwing**, **Brown Snake Eagle**, **Grey Kestrel**, **Olive Bee-eater**, **Grey-backed Fiscal**, **Black-headed Oriole**, **Trilling**, **Stout** and **Croaking Cisticolas**, **Moustached Grass Warbler**, **Black-lored Babbler** and **Red-collared Widowbird**. As we drove through the park, we saw our first herds of **African Elephant** as well as small groups of **Common Warthog**, **African Buffalo**, (Defassa) **Waterbuck**, **Kob** and **Topi**. Unfortunately, the famous tree-climbing Lions of Ishasha would not materialize for us, despite our best efforts.

After checking into our accommodation, we did some relaxed birding around our lodge which again proved productive, with sightings of **Swamp** and **Northern Black Flycatchers**, **Green-winged Pytilia**, **Mourning Collared Dove**, **Spot-flanked** and **Double-toothed Barbets** and **Brimstone Canary**. Once it had cooled down a bit, we headed out to a nearby papyrus swamp where we eventually had good views of **Papyrus Gonolek** as well as **Piapiac**, **Grey-capped Warbler** and **Crimson-rumped Waxbill**. Unfortunately, yet again, the calling **White-winged Swamp Warblers** would not show themselves.



Swamp Flycatcher, one of the many papyrus specials we encountered.

After our dinner a few of us headed out for a night drive which was successful with good views of **Black-shouldered** and **Swamp Nightjars** and brief views of a group of **Giant Forest Hogs**.

Day 10, 23rd July 2022. Birding Kasenyi track, Kazinga Channel boat cruise and transfer to Kibale Forest

We were up and out early again this morning to try make the most of the early morning temperatures before it heated up too much. We headed straight for the Kasenyi track where we picked up a ranger and slowly started driving the open savanna. The birding was a little on the slow side but again we steadily picked up exciting species as the morning progressed such as **White-browed Coucal**, **Common Buttonquail**, **Kittlitz's Plover**, **Collared Pratincole**, **Lizard Buzzard**, **Rufous-naped** and **Flappet Larks**, **Yellow-throated Longclaws** and multiple **Black-bellied Bustards**.

Immediately after finishing our drive along the Kasenyi track, we headed to the Kazinga Channel where we boarded our boat and had a thoroughly enjoyable two-hour boat cruise with hordes of mammals coming down to drink along the water's edge and many new and exciting bird species too. On the non-avian front, we had many impressive **African Elephant**, large groups of **African Buffalo**, wallowing herds of **Hippopotamus**, and protracted views of a single **Giant Forest Hog** which were improvements upon the previous evening's brief glimpses. We had excellent views of many water-associated species such as **African Skimmer**, **Grey-headed Gull**, **Yellow-billed Stork**, **African Openbill**, **Brown-chested Lapwing**, **Common** and **Wood Sandpipers**, **Striated**, **Squacco**, **Goliath**, and **Grey Herons**, **Great White** and **Pink-backed Pelicans**, **Red-throated** and **Olive Bee-eaters**, **Malachite Kingfisher** as well as the literally hundreds of **Pied Kingfishers**. A single **Copper Sunbird** was also seen which turned out to be the only sighting of the trip!



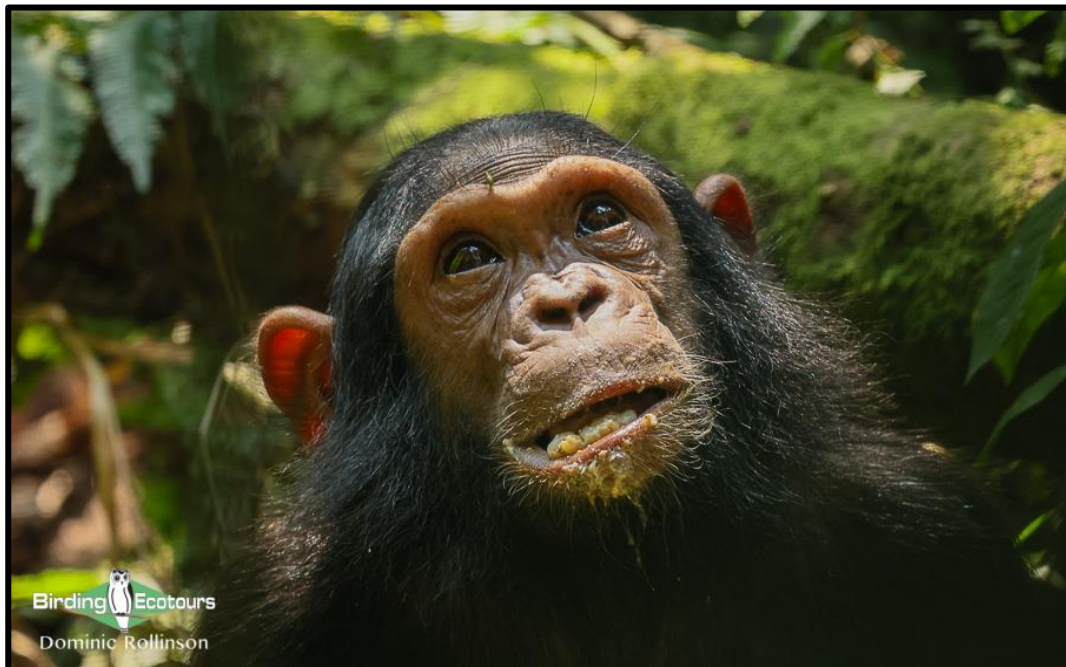
Giant Forest Hog showed well for us along the Kazinga Channel.

We then headed back to our lodge for a quick lunch before we hit the road and made our way towards Kibale Forest and its incredible primate diversity. We arrived in Kibale Forest in the late

afternoon and spent some time birding along the main road that cuts through the forest. We had a fantastic end to the day with several great forest species including the likes of **Black-billed Turaco**, **African Emerald** (for Sri and Derek only) and **Klaas's Cuckoos**, **Velvet-mantled Drongo** as well as **Narrow-tailed** and **Purple-headed Starlings**. After a fun but long day we checked into our lovely lodge and enjoyed a delicious meal while discussing tomorrow's pitta prospects before turning in for the evening.

Day 11, 24th July 2022. Pittas, chimps and other forest birds in Kibale Forest

To improve our chances of a Green-breasted Pitta sighting we had to get into the forest as early as possible. This meant another pre-dawn start and as we drove through the forest, we had **White-tailed Ant Thrush** and **Fire-crested Alethe** feeding in the road in the pre-dawn gloom. As we got out of the vehicle to start walking the trails for the pitta, we heard some movement above us and saw a single **Chimpanzee** as it quietly fed on a fruiting tree – a great start to the morning! We then slowly and quietly started making our way through the forest where we got to see a pair of **Scaly-breasted Illadopsis** and it wasn't long until we heard the distant mechanical flight call of a displaying **Green-breasted Pitta**. We tried to get closer but the bird went silent and after a while of wandering around, with our spirits beginning to drop a little, the ranger excitedly called us to let us know he had seen one. We rushed to the site he had seen it, and gradually we all got to see bits and pieces of the pitta, although it was not an entirely satisfying view. Harriet and the ranger were confident it would keep working its way through the undergrowth and come out onto the path. We therefore all stood in position on the path and patiently waited and out it suddenly popped, where it remained in full view for the next minute or so. We could not ask for better views of **Green-breasted Pitta** (see front cover photo)!



*Although Green-breasted Pitta stole the show at Kibale, **Chimpanzees** were a close second!*

After the excitement of our pitta sighting, we started making our way back to the vehicle and bumped into a bird party which had **Brown-eared Woodpecker**, **Western Oriole**, **Green Crombec** and **Black-necked Weaver**.

After returning to the vehicle, some of us went off **Chimpanzee** trekking. This was another wonderful experience as we watched them relaxing in the midday heat while others were quietly feeding on fruiting trees overhead. Those who did not join the Chimpanzee trekking went for a walk with Harriet along the main road where they added **Blue-throated Brown Sunbird** and **Yellow-billed Barbet**. We then made our way back to the lodge for a late lunch and had a couple of hours off in the heat of the early afternoon.

Feeling revived after an early afternoon nap, we headed out to Bigodi Swamp where we met local guide Rodgers. He excitedly showed us around his local patch, which he is very proud of and actively participates in the conservation of this small patch of swamp forest. We had a long list of targets for Rodgers and started working through this, when we saw the gorgeous **Shining-blue Kingfisher** (as well as **African Pygmy Kingfisher**) and other targets like **Hairy-breasted Barbet**, **Magpie Mannikin** and **Western Nicator**. Right at the end of the day some of us managed brief views of **White-spotted Flufftail**, while others would have to wait until later in the trip for improved views...



*We had good looks at **Western Nicator** at Bigodi Swamp.*

Day 12, 25th July 2022. Kibale forest birding and transfer to Masindi

This morning, before breakfast, we birded the farm areas outside of Kibale Forest where we targeted several missing species. We managed to find **Brown-crowned Tchagra**, **Toro Olive Greenbul**, **Black Bishop** and **Black-headed Waxbill**. Unfortunately, Joyful Greenbul and Lowland Masked Apalis would not co-operate today! We then birded the main road through Kibale

Forest for a while to try to catch up on any missing forest species. We managed to find **Blue Malkoha, Blue-throated Roller, Yellow-throated Tinkerbird** and had better looks at **Blue-throated Brown Sunbird**.

While trying to have our lunch we got distracted by several interesting species in the garden, including **Ayres's Hawk-Eagle, Olive-bellied, Green-headed and Superb Sunbirds** (well spotted Margie and Bob!), **Tropical Boubou, Yellow-throated Leaflove, Cardinal Woodpecker** and **Brown-throated Wattle-eye**. We then hit the long and bumpy road north to Masindi which took the whole afternoon. We did stop briefly to look for Highland Rush Warbler *en route*, however we could not even get a response during the heat of the day. After a long afternoon in the bus, we finally made it to Masindi where we immediately had dinner and got to sleep early with the exciting prospect of Budongo Forest and the Royal Mile to look forward to the following morning!



Ayres's Hawk-Eagle was seen well near Kibale Forest.

Day 13, 26th July 2022. Budongo Forest birding and transfer to Murchison Falls

Today was to be a long day with lots of exciting birding stops and so we had an early breakfast and got going as quickly as possible. We were making our way from Masindi town to the impressive lowland forest of Budongo Forest where we would be birding along the Royal Mile. Before reaching the forest, we made a very productive birding stop in the farmlands along the way which instantly bagged us a bunch of new birds including the likes of **Heuglin's Spurfowl, Compact Weaver, Yellow-mantled Widowbird, Lesser Honeyguide, Short-winged (Siffling) Cisticola, Brown Babbler, African Firefinch** and our main target **Brown Twinspot**.

After this enjoyable stop, we made it into the forest and started slowly walking along the road through the forest and basically moved from bird party to bird party. We spent the rest of the

morning here and enjoyed our lunch in the shade of the massive trees which make up this impressive forest. Over the course of the morning, we managed to find **White-thighed Hornbill**, **Chestnut Wattle-eye**, **Brown-eared** and **Yellow-crested** (Golden-crested) **Woodpeckers**, **Little Grey** and **White-throated Greenbuls**, **Chestnut-capped Flycatcher**, **Rufous-crowned Eremomela**, **Fraser's Rufous Thrush**, **Fraser's Forest Flycatcher** and **Green Twinspot**. Kingfishers were omnipresent in the forest and we had multiple looks at **African Pygmy Kingfishers**, good looks at a single **Blue-breasted Kingfisher**, brief views of **African Dwarf Kingfisher**, but could not get onto the many vocal **Chocolate-backed Kingfishers**. Small groups of the unusual **Spotted Greenbul** kept us entertained as they flew about and occasionally lifted one of their wings, a curious and distinctive behaviour of this species. We also spent some time luring out a **White-spotted Flufftail** which everyone managed to get brief looks at – comparatively good looks for a flufftail!



Blue-breasted Kingfisher in Budongo Forest.

After Budongo Forest we birded the Butiaba Escarpment which overlooks Lake Albert, where we again had some incredibly productive birding despite the high temperatures. We walked along a road which cut through some lovely dry woodlands which produced **African Grey Hornbill**, **Grey-headed Kingfisher**, **Swallow-tailed Bee-eater**, **Black-billed Barbet**, **Flappet Lark**, **Whistling** and **Foxy Cisticolas**, **Green-backed Eremomela**, **Lesser Blue-eared Starling**, **Beautiful Sunbird**, **Chestnut-crowned Sparrow-Weaver**, **Little** and **Red-headed Weavers**, **Black-rumped** and **Black-faced Waxbills** and **Cinnamon-breasted Bunting**. The walk also produced some fantastic views of a pair of **African Hawk-Eagles** as they soared low above our heads.

We still had a couple of hours drive ahead of us to reach Murchison Falls National Park, which was made slower by the many raptors which adorned the electricity pylons *en route*. We had some

great stops for **African Harrier-Hawk**, **White-backed Vulture**, **Brown** and **Western Banded Snake Eagles**, **Gabar** and **Dark Chanting Goshawks**, **Red-necked Falcon** as well as a few groups of **White-throated Bee-eaters**. After a long but incredibly productive day of birding, we arrived at our beautiful lodge in Murchison Falls National Park and settled in for the evening.

Day 14, 27th July 2022. Birding Murchison Falls National Park

Today we had the entire day to explore the open savannas of Murchison Falls National Park and after an early breakfast we jumped into the bus and crossed the impressive Nile River (adding an **Osprey**) where almost immediately we started seeing impressive numbers of animals and birds. We encountered large herds of **African Buffalo**, **Waterbuck**, **Kob** and (Lelwel) **Hartebeest** as well as impressive numbers of **Oribi** antelope and also saw large troops of **Olive Baboon** and a couple of the strange **Tantalus Monkey**. **African Elephants** were seen along the northern edge of Lake Albert and smaller herds of (Rothschild's) **Giraffe** were seen throughout the woodlands.

On the birding front, we had some great birds which kept us ticking over throughout the morning and early afternoon. Some of the highlights included **Black-bellied Bustard**, **Black-billed Wood Dove**, **Senegal Thick-knee**, **Black-headed Lapwing**, **Rüppell's**, **White-backed** and **Lappet-faced Vultures**, **Bateleur**, **Dark Chanting Goshawk**, **Grey Kestrel**, **Red-necked Falcon**, **Abyssinian Ground Hornbill**, **Northern Carmine Bee-eater**, **Black-crowned Tchagra**, **Rattling Cisticola**, **Spotted Mourning Thrush**, **Red-winged Grey Warbler**, **Silverbird**, **Shelley's Sparrow**, **White-browed Sparrow-Weaver** and **Speckle-fronted** and **Vitelline Masked Weavers**. After lunch, on our way back to our lodge, we stopped at a small waterhole where Frances did well to spot a single **Greater Painted-snipe**.



The huge Abyssinian Ground Hornbill in Murchison Falls National Park.

After a long day in the bus, we decided to take the afternoon off with Sri, Derek and Jim joining Dom for some relaxed, yet productive, birding around the lodge grounds where we encountered **Red-shouldered Cuckooshrike**, **Western Black-headed Batis**, **White-shouldered Black Tit**, **Blue-throated Brown Sunbird**, **Northern Yellow White-eye**, **Red-throated Bee-eater**, **Little Green Sunbird** and **Little and Red-headed Weavers**.

After dinner, we headed out for a night drive which was a little on the quiet side but did produce the strange **Bunyoro Rabbit** and a **Common Genet**.

Day 15, 28th July 2022. Nile River cruise and birding Murchison Falls

Our Nile River boat cruise was scheduled for mid-morning so we decided to first bird around the lodge grounds and this was again highly enjoyable. This time round we managed to find the desired **White-crested Turaco**, while some of the group managed to catch up on a few birds missed the the previous afternoon.

After breakfast we jumped in the bus and drove to the Nile River, *en route* we managed new birds in the form of **Singing Cisticola** and **Red-winged Prinia** (Warbler), which were nice to finally catch-up on. Our Nile cruise was a thoroughly enjoyable and relaxing few hours along the mighty river which culminated in spectacular views of the majestic and powerful Murchison Falls. As usual, the birding was great and we saw **Saddle-billed Stork**, **African Darter**, **Intermediate Egret**, **White-backed Night Heron**, **African Skimmer**, **Rock Pratincole**, **Red-throated Bee-eater**, another **White-crested Turaco** and had good views of a lovely **Giant Kingfisher**. On our way back to the lodge for lunch we had our only **Black-winged Red Bishop** of the trip.



Red-throated Bee-eaters showed wonderfully well on our Nile River boat cruise.

After some down time in the early afternoon, we headed out to Murchison Falls, where we sat in the bus waiting out an impressive downpour. We then walked around the falls enjoying the views from many different angles and vantage points. Certainly, a memorable way to start bringing the trip to a conclusion! Birding was a little slow here but we did see more **Rock Pratincoles** and had brief views of a **Bat Hawk** just as it got dark: - eagle-eyed Sri yet again spotting one of our target birds! On our drive back to the lodge we encountered a male **Pennant-winged Nightjar** and had brief views of a **Greyish Eagle-Owl** as it flushed from the road.



Rock Pratincoles were seen at Murchison Falls.

Day 16, 29th July 2022. Murchison Falls to Entebbe, with Ziwa Rhino Sanctuary *en route*

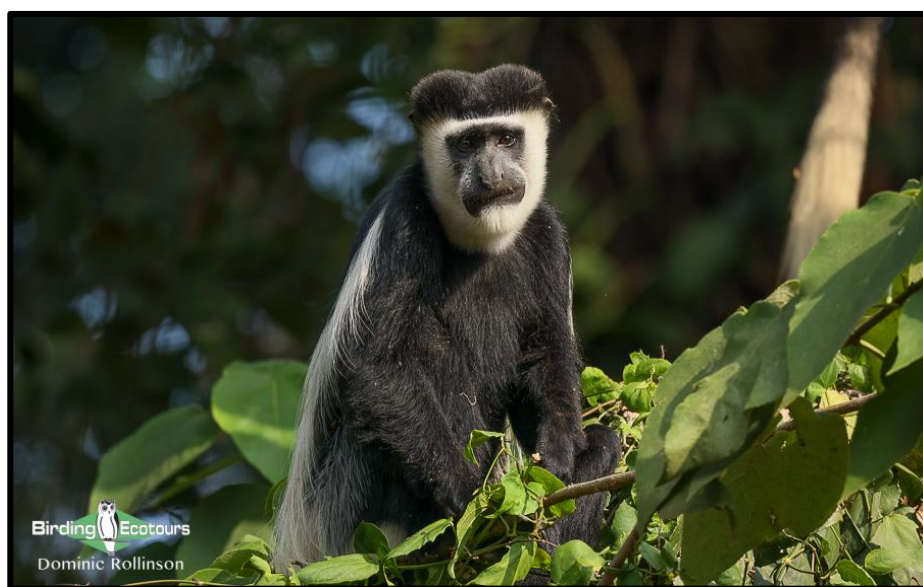
Today was mostly a travel day, as we had a lot of ground to cover between Murchison Falls and Entebbe, however we did have a few birding stops planned to break up the drive. After breakfast, we packed up and started making our way south. Our first stop was at the Kanyiyo Pabibi Forest section of Murchison Falls National Park. The birding was slow here and we did not manage to find Puvel's Illadopsis, however it would be an interesting stop because of the reptiles we encountered here. First up was a dead-on-the-road Gaboon Viper which is always sad to see but encouraging to know that they are around and then an **Olive-green Viper** which was also seen on the road (unfortunately just clipped by a vehicle). As we were observing the viper, a vehicle with Ugandan Wildlife Authority rangers drove past and suddenly turned round and asked if we'd like to see a treat. It turned out that they had just rescued a massive **African Rock Python** from a nearby village and were about to set it free. They offloaded a huge crate and opened it up to reveal twelve feet (four meters) of python which slowly made its way into the forest. Certainly, an interesting start to the day!

We carried on heading south to our next stop which was Ziwa Rhino Sanctuary. Here we went on a guided walk and observed five **White Rhinoceroses** and learnt about the inspiring work the sanctuary is doing to breed the rhinos and repopulate many areas of the country which have been devastated by poaching. While at Ziwa we also encountered a few new birds such as **Greater Honeyguide**, **Bronze-tailed Starling** and **Cardinal Quelea**.

Our final birding stop of the trip was in some marshlands on the side of the road which produced the hoped-for **Marsh Widowbird** as well as our first **Golden-backed Weaver** of the trip. Making our way through Kampala in afternoon traffic was interesting, we then checked into our accommodation for the evening. Most of the group were flying out later that evening and so we enjoyed our final group dinner, reminisced about some of the more enjoyable and memorable experiences and eventually said our goodbyes.

Day 17, 30th July 2022. Entebbe birding and departure

All the guests – except Margie and Bob – had flown out the previous evening and so the three of us decided to spend the afternoon birding around the Entebbe Botanical Garden.. We had a lovely afternoon as we casually wandered the grounds of these beautiful gardens right on the edge of Lake Victoria. We managed to see **Great Blue** and **Ross's Turacos**, **Woodland Kingfisher**, **Double-toothed Barbet**, **Grey Parrot**, **Little Greenbul**, **Winding Cisticola**, **Red-chested Sunbird** and **Golden-backed Weaver**. We scoured the many flocks of weavers for Orange and Weyns's Weavers but unfortunately could not find any. We also spend a long while watching **Guerezas** (Black-and-white Colobus) as they quietly fed and groomed in a nearby tree, complete with a newly born baby which was incredibly cute. After a relaxed final day, we bade our final farewells after what had been a very enjoyable 17 days in the Pearl of Africa! A big thank you to Harriet for ensuring all the logistics ran smoothly, Alex for his expert and safe driving, Eric and Frances for their diligent eBird listing and to all the participants for making it such an easy and enjoyable trip!



Guerezas put on a show for us on the final afternoon!

Bird List - Following IOC (12.1)

Birds 'heard only' are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen.

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following BirdLife International. CR = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable

Common Name	Scientific Name
Ducks, Geese, Swans (Anatidae)	
White-faced Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>
Spur-winged Goose	<i>Plectropterus gambensis</i>
Knob-billed Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>
Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>
African Black Duck	<i>Anas sparsa</i>
Yellow-billed Duck	<i>Anas undulata</i>
Guineafowl (Numididae)	
Helmeted Guineafowl	<i>Numida meleagris</i>
Pheasants & Allies (Phasianidae)	
Crested Francolin	<i>Ortygornis sephaena</i>
Heuglin's Spurfowl	<i>Pternistis icterorhynchus</i>
Red-necked Spurfowl	<i>Pternistis afer</i>
Nightjars (Caprimulgidae)	
Black-shouldered Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus nigriscapularis</i>
Montane Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus poliocephalus</i>
Swamp Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus natalensis</i>
Freckled Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus tristigma</i>
Square-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus fossii</i>
Pennant-winged Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus vexillarius</i>
Swifts (Apodidae)	
Scarce Swift	<i>Schoutedenapus myoptilus</i>
African Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus parvus</i>
Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>
Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>
White-rumped Swift	<i>Apus caffer</i>
Turacos (Musophagidae)	
Great Blue Turaco	<i>Corythaeola cristata</i>
Bare-faced Go-away-bird	<i>Crinifer personatus</i>
Eastern Plantain-eater	<i>Crinifer zonurus</i>
Ross's Turaco	<i>Tauraco rossae</i>
White-crested Turaco	<i>Tauraco leucolophus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Black-billed Turaco	<i>Tauraco schuettii</i>
Bustards (Otididae)	
Black-bellied Bustard	<i>Lissotis melanogaster</i>
Cuckoos (Cuculidae)	
Blue-headed Coucal	<i>Centropus monachus</i>
White-browed Coucal	<i>Centropus superciliosus</i>
Blue Malkoha	<i>Ceuthmochares aereus</i>
Levaillant's Cuckoo	<i>Clamator levaillantii</i>
Jacobin Cuckoo	<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>
Diederik Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx caprius</i>
Klaas's Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx klaas</i>
African Emerald Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx cupreus</i>
Dusky Long-tailed Cuckoo	<i>Cercococcyx mechowi</i>
Red-chested Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus solitarius</i>
Pigeons, Doves (Columbidae)	
Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>
Speckled Pigeon	<i>Columba guinea</i>
African Olive Pigeon	<i>Columba arquatrix</i>
Western Bronze-naped Pigeon (H)	<i>Columba iriditorques</i>
Mourning Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decipiens</i>
Red-eyed Dove	<i>Streptopelia semitorquata</i>
Ring-necked Dove	<i>Streptopelia capicola</i>
Vinaceous Dove	<i>Streptopelia vinacea</i>
Laughing Dove	<i>Spilopelia senegalensis</i>
Emerald-spotted Wood Dove	<i>Turtur chalcospilos</i>
Black-billed Wood Dove	<i>Turtur abyssinicus</i>
Blue-spotted Wood Dove	<i>Turtur afer</i>
Tambourine Dove	<i>Turtur tympanistria</i>
Namaqua Dove	<i>Oena capensis</i>
African Green Pigeon	<i>Treron calvus</i>
Finfoots (Heliornithidae)	
African Finfoot	<i>Podica senegalensis</i>
Flufftails (Sarothruridae)	
White-spotted Flufftail	<i>Sarothrura pulchra</i>
Red-chested Flufftail (H)	<i>Sarothrura rufa</i>
Rails, Crakes & Coots (Rallidae)	
African Rail (H)	<i>Rallus caerulescens</i>
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
African Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio madagascariensis</i>
Black Crake	<i>Zapornia flavirostra</i>
Cranes (Gruidae)	
Grey Crowned Crane - EN	<i>Balearica regulorum</i>
Grebes (Podicipedidae)	
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>
Buttonquail (Turnicidae)	
Common Buttonquail	<i>Turnix sylvaticus</i>
Stone-curlews, Thick-knees (Burhinidae)	
Senegal Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus senegalensis</i>
Water Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>
Stilts, Avocets (Recurvirostridae)	
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>
Plovers (Charadriidae)	
Long-toed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus crassirostris</i>
Spur-winged Lapwing	<i>Vanellus spinosus</i>
Black-headed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus tectus</i>
Senegal Lapwing	<i>Vanellus lugubris</i>
Crowned Lapwing	<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>
African Wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus senegallus</i>
Brown-chested Lapwing	<i>Vanellus superciliosus</i>
Kittlitz's Plover	<i>Charadrius pecuarius</i>
Painted-snipes (Rostratulidae)	
Greater Painted-snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>
Jacanas (Jacanidae)	
African Jacana	<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>
Sandpipers, Snipes (Scolopacidae)	
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>
Coursers, Pratincoles (Glareolidae)	
Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>
Rock Pratincole	<i>Glareola nuchalis</i>
Gulls, Terns, Skimmers (Laridae)	
African Skimmer	<i>Rynchops flavirostris</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Grey-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus</i>
White-winged Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>
Storks (Ciconiidae)	
Yellow-billed Stork	<i>Mycteria ibis</i>
African Openbill	<i>Anastomus lamelligerus</i>
Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>
Saddle-billed Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis</i>
Marabou Stork	<i>Leptoptilos crumenifer</i>
Anhingas, Darters (Anhingidae)	
African Darter	<i>Anhinga rufa</i>
Cormorants, Shags (Phalacrocoracidae)	
Reed Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo africanus</i>
White-breasted Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax lucidus</i>
Ibises, Spoonbills (Threskiornithidae)	
African Sacred Ibis	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>
Hadada Ibis	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i>
Hérons, Bitterns (Ardeidae)	
White-backed Night Heron	<i>Gorsachius leuconotus</i>
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>
Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>
Rufous-bellied Heron	<i>Ardeola rufiventris</i>
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
Black-headed Heron	<i>Ardea melanocephala</i>
Goliath Heron	<i>Ardea goliath</i>
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
Intermediate Egret	<i>Ardea intermedia</i>
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>
Hamerkop (Scopidae)	
Hamerkop	<i>Scopus umbretta</i>
Shoebill (Balaenicipitidae)	
Shoebill – VU	<i>Balaeniceps rex</i>
Pelicans (Pelecanidae)	
Great White Pelican	<i>Pelecanus onocrotalus</i>
Pink-backed Pelican	<i>Pelecanus rufescens</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Ospreys (Pandionidae)	
Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>
Kites, Hawks, Eagles (Accipitridae)	
Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>
African Harrier-Hawk	<i>Polyboroides typus</i>
Palm-nut Vulture	<i>Gypohierax angolensis</i>
Hooded Vulture - CR	<i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i>
White-backed Vulture - CR	<i>Gyps africanus</i>
Rüppell's Vulture - CR	<i>Gyps rueppelli</i>
Lappet-faced Vulture - EN	<i>Torgos tracheliotos</i>
Brown Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinereus</i>
Western Banded Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinerascens</i>
Bateleur – EN	<i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i>
Bat Hawk	<i>Macheiramphus alcinus</i>
Crowned Eagle	<i>Stephanoaetus coronatus</i>
Martial Eagle – EN	<i>Polemaetus bellicosus</i>
Long-crested Eagle	<i>Lophaetus occipitalis</i>
Wahlberg's Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus wahlbergi</i>
Ayres's Hawk-Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus ayresii</i>
Tawny Eagle – VU	<i>Aquila rapax</i>
African Hawk-Eagle	<i>Aquila spilogaster</i>
Lizard Buzzard	<i>Kaupifalco monogrammicus</i>
Gabar Goshawk	<i>Micronisus gabar</i>
Dark Chanting Goshawk	<i>Melierax metabates</i>
African Goshawk	<i>Accipiter tachiro</i>
Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>
African Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus ranivorus</i>
Yellow-billed Kite	<i>Milvus aegyptius</i>
African Fish Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus vocifer</i>
Mountain Buzzard	<i>Buteo oreophilus</i>
Augur Buzzard	<i>Buteo augur</i>
Owls (Strigidae)	
Greyish Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo cinerascens</i>
African Wood Owl	<i>Strix woodfordii</i>
Mousebirds (Coliidae)	
Speckled Mousebird	<i>Colius striatus</i>
Blue-naped Mousebird	<i>Urocolius macrourus</i>
Trogon (Trogonidae)	
Narina Trogon	<i>Apaloderma narina</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Bar-tailed Trogon	<i>Apaloderma vittatum</i>
Hoopoes (Upupidae)	
African Hoopoe	<i>Upupa africana</i>
Wood Hoopoes (Phoeniculidae)	
White-headed Wood Hoopoe	<i>Phoeniculus bollei</i>
Green Wood Hoopoe	<i>Phoeniculus purpureus</i>
Common Scimitarbill	<i>Rhinopomastus cyanomelas</i>
Ground Hornbills (Bucorvidae)	
Abyssinian Ground Hornbill - VU	<i>Bucorvus abyssinicus</i>
Hornbills (Bucerotidae)	
Crowned Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros alboterminatus</i>
African Grey Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros nasutus</i>
White-thighed Hornbill	<i>Bycanistes albotibialis</i>
Black-and-white-casqued Hornbill	<i>Bycanistes subcylindricus</i>
Rollers (Coraciidae)	
Lilac-breasted Roller	<i>Coracias caudatus</i>
Blue-throated Roller	<i>Eurystomus gularis</i>
Broad-billed Roller	<i>Eurystomus glaucurus</i>
Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)	
Chocolate-backed Kingfisher (H)	<i>Halcyon badia</i>
Grey-headed Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon leucocephala</i>
Striped Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon chelicuti</i>
Blue-breasted Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon malimbica</i>
Woodland Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon senegalensis</i>
African Dwarf Kingfisher	<i>Ispidina lecontei</i>
African Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Ispidina picta</i>
Malachite Kingfisher	<i>Corythornis cristatus</i>
Shining-blue Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo quadibrachys</i>
Giant Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle maxima</i>
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>
Bee-eaters (Meropidae)	
Black Bee-eater	<i>Merops gularis</i>
Swallow-tailed Bee-eater	<i>Merops hirundineus</i>
Little Bee-eater	<i>Merops pusillus</i>
Blue-breasted Bee-eater	<i>Merops variegatus</i>
Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater	<i>Merops oreobates</i>
Red-throated Bee-eater	<i>Merops bulocki</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
White-throated Bee-eater	<i>Merops albicollis</i>
Olive Bee-eater	<i>Merops superciliosus</i>
Northern Carmine Bee-eater	<i>Merops nubicus</i>
African Barbets (Lybiidae)	
Grey-throated Barbet	<i>Gymnobucco bonapartei</i>
Speckled Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus scolopaceus</i>
Western Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus coryphaea</i>
Yellow-throated Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus subsulphureus</i>
Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus bilineatus</i>
Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus chrysoconus</i>
Yellow-spotted Barbet	<i>Buccanodon duchaillui</i>
Hairy-breasted Barbet	<i>Tricholaema hirsuta</i>
Spot-flanked Barbet	<i>Tricholaema lacrymosa</i>
White-headed Barbet	<i>Lybius leucocephalus</i>
Red-faced Barbet	<i>Lybius rubrifacies</i>
Black-billed Barbet	<i>Lybius guifsobalito</i>
Black-collared Barbet	<i>Lybius torquatus</i>
Double-toothed Barbet	<i>Lybius bidentatus</i>
Yellow-billed Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus purpuratus</i>
Honeyguides (Indicatoridae)	
Cassin's Honeybird	<i>Prodotiscus insignis</i>
Least Honeyguide (H)	<i>Indicator exilis</i>
Lesser Honeyguide	<i>Indicator minor</i>
Greater Honeyguide	<i>Indicator indicator</i>
Woodpeckers (Picidae)	
Red-throated Wryneck	<i>Jynx ruficollis</i>
Buff-spotted Woodpecker	<i>Pardipicus nivosus</i>
Brown-eared Woodpecker	<i>Pardipicus caroli</i>
Nubian Woodpecker	<i>Campethera nubica</i>
Fine-banded Woodpecker	<i>Campethera taeniolaema</i>
Yellow-crested Woodpecker	<i>Chloropicus xantholophus</i>
Cardinal Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos fuscescens</i>
Elliot's Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos elliotii</i>
African Grey Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos goertae</i>
Olive Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos griseocephalus</i>
Caracaras, Falcons (Falconidae)	
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
Grey Kestrel	<i>Falco ardosiaceus</i>
Red-necked Falcon	<i>Falco chicquera</i>
African Hobby	<i>Falco cuvierii</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
African & New World Parrots (Psittacidae)	
Grey Parrot – EN	<i>Psittacus erithacus</i>
Meyer's Parrot	<i>Poicephalus meyeri</i>
Old World Parrots (Psittaculidae)	
Red-headed Lovebird	<i>Agapornis pullarius</i>
Typical Broadbills (Eurylaimidae)	
Grauer's Broadbill - VU	<i>Pseudocalyptomena graueri</i>
African & Green Broadbills (Calyptomenidae)	
African Broadbill	<i>Smithornis capensis</i>
Pittas (Pittidae)	
Green-breasted Pitta	<i>Pitta reichenowi</i>
Wattle-eyes, Batises (Platysteiridae)	
Rwenzori Batis	<i>Batis diops</i>
Chinspot Batis	<i>Batis molitor</i>
Western Black-headed Batis	<i>Batis erlangeri</i>
Chestnut Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira castanea</i>
Brown-throated Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira cyanea</i>
Bushshrikes (Malaconotidae)	
Lagden's Bushshrike	<i>Malaconotus lagdeni</i>
Many-colored Bushshrike (H)	<i>Chlorophoneus multicolor</i>
Bocage's Bushshrike	<i>Chlorophoneus bocagei</i>
Orange-breasted Bushshrike	<i>Chlorophoneus sulfureopectus</i>
Doherty's Bushshrike (H)	<i>Telophorus dohertyi</i>
Brown-crowned Tchagra	<i>Tchagra australis</i>
Black-crowned Tchagra	<i>Tchagra senegalus</i>
Pink-footed Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus angolensis</i>
Northern Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus gambensis</i>
Albertine Sooty Boubou	<i>Laniarius holomelas</i>
Willard's Sooty Boubou	<i>Laniarius willardi</i>
Lühder's Bushshrike	<i>Laniarius luehderi</i>
Tropical Boubou	<i>Laniarius major</i>
Papyrus Gonolek	<i>Laniarius mufumbiri</i>
Black-headed Gonolek	<i>Laniarius erythrogaster</i>
Vangas & Allies (Vangidae)	
African Shrike-flycatcher	<i>Megabyas flammulatus</i>
Black-and-white Shrike-flycatcher	<i>Bias musicus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Cuckooshrikes (Campephagidae)	
Grey Cuckooshrike	<i>Cebblepyris caesius</i>
Black Cuckooshrike	<i>Campephaga flava</i>
Red-shouldered Cuckooshrike	<i>Campephaga phoenicea</i>
Petit's Cuckooshrike	<i>Campephaga petiti</i>
Shrikes (Laniidae)	
Mackinnon's Shrike	<i>Lanius mackinnoni</i>
Grey-backed Fiscal	<i>Lanius excubitoroides</i>
Northern Fiscal	<i>Lanius humeralis</i>
Figbirds, Orioles, Turnagra (Oriolidae)	
Western Oriole	<i>Oriolus brachyrynchus</i>
Black-headed Oriole	<i>Oriolus larvatus</i>
Mountain Oriole	<i>Oriolus percivali</i>
Drongos (Dicruridae)	
Velvet-mantled Drongo	<i>Dicrurus modestus</i>
Fork-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus adsimilis</i>
Monarchs (Monarchidae)	
Red-bellied Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone rufiventer</i>
African Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone viridis</i>
Crows, Jays (Corvidae)	
Piapiac	<i>Ptilostomus afer</i>
Pied Crow	<i>Corvus albus</i>
White-necked Raven	<i>Corvus albicollis</i>
Fairy Flycatchers (Stenostiridae)	
African Blue Flycatcher	<i>Elminia longicauda</i>
White-tailed Blue Flycatcher	<i>Elminia albicauda</i>
White-bellied Crested Flycatcher (H)	<i>Elminia albiventris</i>
Tits, Chickadees (Paridae)	
White-shouldered Black Tit	<i>Melaniparus guineensis</i>
Dusky Tit	<i>Melaniparus funereus</i>
Stripe-breasted Tit	<i>Melaniparus fasciiventer</i>
Penduline Tits (Remizidae)	
Grey Penduline Tit	<i>Anthoscopus caroli</i>
Nicators (Nicatoridae)	
Western Nicator	<i>Nicator chloris</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Larks (Alaudidae)	
Rufous-naped Lark	<i>Mirafra africana</i>
Flappet Lark	<i>Mirafra rufocinnamomea</i>
Bulbuls (Pycnonotidae)	
Slender-billed Greenbul	<i>Stelgidillas gracilirostris</i>
Yellow-throated Leaflove	<i>Atimastillas flavicollis</i>
Spotted Greenbul	<i>Ixonotus guttatus</i>
Honeyguide Greenbul	<i>Baeopogon indicator</i>
Olive-breasted Greenbul	<i>Arizelocichla kikuyuensis</i>
Red-tailed Greenbul	<i>Criniger calurus</i>
Little Greenbul	<i>Eurillas virens</i>
Yellow-whiskered Greenbul	<i>Eurillas latirostris</i>
Plain Greenbul	<i>Eurillas curvirostris</i>
Little Grey Greenbul	<i>Eurillas gracilis</i>
Ansorge's Greenbul	<i>Eurillas ansorgei</i>
White-throated Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus albigularis</i>
Yellow-streaked Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus flavostriatus</i>
Toro Olive Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus hypochloris</i>
Dark-capped Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus tricolor</i>
Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae)	
Black Saw-wing	<i>Psalidoprocne pristoptera</i>
White-headed Saw-wing	<i>Psalidoprocne albiceps</i>
Banded Martin	<i>Neophedina cincta</i>
Brown-throated Martin	<i>Riparia paludicola</i>
Grey-rumped Swallow	<i>Pseudhirundo griseopyga</i>
Rock Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne fuligula</i>
Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
Angolan Swallow	<i>Hirundo angolensis</i>
Red-breasted Swallow	<i>Cecropis semirufa</i>
Mosque Swallow	<i>Cecropis senegalensis</i>
Lesser Striped Swallow	<i>Cecropis abyssinica</i>
Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>
Crombecs, African Warblers (Macrospenidae)	
Moustached Grass Warbler	<i>Melocichla mentalis</i>
Grey Longbill (H)	<i>Macrospenus concolor</i>
Northern Crombec (H)	<i>Sylvietta brachyura</i>
Red-faced Crombec	<i>Sylvietta whytii</i>
Green Crombec	<i>Sylvietta virens</i>
White-browed Crombec	<i>Sylvietta leucophrys</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Cettia Bush Warblers & Allies (Cettiidae)	
Neumann's Warbler	<i>Urosphena neumanni</i>
Yellow Flycatchers (Erythroceridae)	
Chestnut-capped Flycatcher	<i>Erythrocerus mccallii</i>
Hylia (Hylidae)	
Green Hylia	<i>Hylia prasina</i>
Leaf Warblers & Allies (Phylloscopidae)	
Red-faced Woodland Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus laetus</i>
Reed Warblers & Allies (Acrocephalidae)	
Grauer's Warbler	<i>Graueria vittata</i>
Greater Swamp Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus rufescens</i>
African Yellow Warbler	<i>Iduna natalensis</i>
Mountain Yellow Warbler	<i>Iduna similis</i>
Grassbirds & Allies (Locustellidae)	
White-winged Swamp Warbler (H)	<i>Bradypterus carpalis</i>
Grauer's Swamp Warbler - EN	<i>Bradypterus graueri</i>
Cisticolas & Allies (Cisticolidae)	
Red-faced Cisticola	<i>Cisticola erythrops</i>
Singing Cisticola	<i>Cisticola cantans</i>
Whistling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola lateralis</i>
Trilling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola woosnami</i>
Chubb's Cisticola	<i>Cisticola chubbi</i>
Rattling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola chiniana</i>
Winding Cisticola	<i>Cisticola marginatus</i>
Carruthers's Cisticola	<i>Cisticola carruthersi</i>
Stout Cisticola	<i>Cisticola robustus</i>
Croaking Cisticola	<i>Cisticola natalensis</i>
Short-winged Cisticola	<i>Cisticola brachypterus</i>
Foxy Cisticola	<i>Cisticola troglodytes</i>
Long-tailed Cisticola	<i>Cisticola angusticauda</i>
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>
Tawny-flanked Prinia	<i>Prinia subflava</i>
Black-faced Prinia	<i>Prinia melanops</i>
Red-winged Prinia	<i>Prinia erythroptera</i>
White-chinned Prinia	<i>Schistolais leucopogon</i>
Rwenzori Apalis	<i>Oreolais ruwenzorii</i>
Red-winged Grey Warbler	<i>Drymocichla incana</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Buff-bellied Warbler	<i>Phyllolais pulchella</i>
Yellow-breasted Apalis	<i>Apalis flavida</i>
Mountain Masked Apalis	<i>Apalis personata</i>
Black-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis jacksoni</i>
Chestnut-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis porphyrolaema</i>
Buff-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis rufogularis</i>
Grey Apalis	<i>Apalis cinerea</i>
Grey-capped Warbler	<i>Eminia lepida</i>
Grey-backed Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera brevicaudata</i>
Olive-green Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera chloronota</i>
Black-faced Rufous Warbler	<i>Bathmocercus rufus</i>
Green-backed Eremomela	<i>Eremomela canescens</i>
Rufous-crowned Eremomela	<i>Eremomela badiceps</i>
Sylviid Babblers (Sylviidae)	
Rwenzori Hill Babbler	<i>Sylvia atriceps</i>
White-eyes (Zosteropidae)	
Green White-eye	<i>Zosterops stuhlmanni</i>
Northern Yellow White-eye	<i>Zosterops senegalensis</i>
Ground Babblers (Pellorneidae)	
Mountain Illadopsis	<i>Illadopsis pyrrhoptera</i>
Scaly-breasted Illadopsis	<i>Illadopsis albipectus</i>
Laughingthrushes & Allies (Leiothrichidae)	
Brown Babbler	<i>Turdoides plebejus</i>
Arrow-marked Babbler	<i>Turdoides jardineii</i>
Black-lored Babbler	<i>Turdoides sharpei</i>
Starlings, Rhabdornis (Sturnidae)	
Wattled Starling	<i>Creatophora cinerea</i>
Purple-headed Starling	<i>Hylopsar purpureiceps</i>
Lesser Blue-eared Starling	<i>Lamprotornis chloropterus</i>
Bronze-tailed Starling	<i>Lamprotornis chalcurus</i>
Splendid Starling	<i>Lamprotornis splendidus</i>
Rüppell's Starling	<i>Lamprotornis purpuroptera</i>
Violet-backed Starling	<i>Cinnyricinclus leucogaster</i>
Slender-billed Starling	<i>Onychognathus tenuirostris</i>
Waller's Starling	<i>Onychognathus walleri</i>
Narrow-tailed Starling	<i>Poeoptera lugubris</i>
Sharpe's Starling	<i>Poeoptera sharpii</i>
Oxpeckers (Buphagidae)	

Common Name	Scientific Name
Yellow-billed Oxpecker	<i>Buphagus africanus</i>
Thrushes (Turdidae)	
Fraser's Rufous Thrush	<i>Stizorhina fraseri</i>
White-tailed Ant Thrush	<i>Neocossyphus poensis</i>
Red-tailed Ant Thrush (H)	<i>Neocossyphus rufus</i>
African Thrush	<i>Turdus pelios</i>
Abyssinian Thrush	<i>Turdus abyssinicus</i>
Chats, Old World Flycatchers (Muscicapidae)	
Fire-crested Alethe	<i>Alethe castanea</i>
Brown-backed Scrub Robin	<i>Cercotrichas hartlaubi</i>
White-browed Scrub Robin (H)	<i>Cercotrichas leucophrys</i>
Fraser's Forest Flycatcher	<i>Fraseria ocreata</i>
Grey-throated Tit-Flycatcher	<i>Myioparus griseigularis</i>
Grey Tit-Flycatcher	<i>Myioparus plumbeus</i>
White-eyed Slaty Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis fischeri</i>
Yellow-eyed Black Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis ardesiacus</i>
Northern Black Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis edolioides</i>
Southern Black Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis pammelaina</i>
Silverbird	<i>Empidonis semipartitus</i>
Ashy Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa caerulescens</i>
Swamp Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa aquatica</i>
Cassin's Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa cassini</i>
Chapin's Flycatcher – VU (H)	<i>Muscicapa lendu</i>
African Dusky Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa adusta</i>
Dusky-blue Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa comitata</i>
Sooty Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa infuscata</i>
Red-throated Alethe	<i>Chamaetylas poliophrys</i>
Archer's Ground Robin	<i>Cossypha archeri</i>
Grey-winged Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha polioptera</i>
Blue-shouldered Robin-Chat (H)	<i>Cossypha cyanocampter</i>
White-browed Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha heuglini</i>
Snowy-crowned Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha niveicapilla</i>
White-starred Robin	<i>Pogonocichla stellata</i>
Forest Robin (H)	<i>Stiphornis erythrothorax</i>
Equatorial Akalat (H)	<i>Sheppardia aequatorialis</i>
Spotted Palm Thrush	<i>Cichladusa guttata</i>
African Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquatus</i>
Sooty Chat	<i>Myrmecocichla nigra</i>
Ruaha Chat	<i>Myrmecocichla collaris</i>
Sunbirds (Nectariniidae)	
Grey-headed Sunbird	<i>Deleornis axillaris</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Little Green Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes seimundi</i>
Grey-chinned Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes tephrolaemus</i>
Collared Sunbird	<i>Hedydipna collaris</i>
Green-headed Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra verticalis</i>
Blue-throated Brown Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra cyanolaema</i>
Blue-headed Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra alinae</i>
Olive Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra olivacea</i>
Green-throated Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra rubescens</i>
Scarlet-chested Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra senegalensis</i>
Purple-breasted Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia purpureiventris</i>
Bronzy Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia kilimensis</i>
Olive-bellied Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris chloropygius</i>
Northern Double-collared Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris reichenowi</i>
Regal Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris regius</i>
Beautiful Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris pulchellus</i>
Marico Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris mariquensis</i>
Red-chested Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris erythrocerus</i>
Purple-banded Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris bifasciatus</i>
Superb Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris superbus</i>
Variable Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris venustus</i>
Copper Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris cupreus</i>
Old World Sparrows, Snowfinches (Passeridae)	
Shelley's Sparrow	<i>Passer shelleyi</i>
Northern Grey-headed Sparrow	<i>Passer griseus</i>
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
Weavers, Widowbirds (Ploceidae)	
White-browed Sparrow-Weaver	<i>Plocepasser mahali</i>
Chestnut-crowned Sparrow-Weaver	<i>Plocepasser superciliosus</i>
Speckle-fronted Weaver	<i>Sporopipes frontalis</i>
Thick-billed Weaver	<i>Amblyospiza albifrons</i>
Baglafaecht Weaver	<i>Ploceus baglafaecht</i>
Slender-billed Weaver	<i>Ploceus pelzelni</i>
Little Weaver	<i>Ploceus luteolus</i>
Spectacled Weaver	<i>Ploceus ocularis</i>
Black-necked Weaver	<i>Ploceus nigricollis</i>
Strange Weaver	<i>Ploceus alienus</i>
Black-billed Weaver	<i>Ploceus melanogaster</i>
Holub's Golden Weaver	<i>Ploceus xanthops</i>
Northern Brown-throated Weaver	<i>Ploceus castanops</i>
Lesser Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus intermedius</i>
Vitelline Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus vitellinus</i>
Village Weaver	<i>Ploceus cucullatus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Vieillot's Black Weaver	<i>Ploceus nigerrimus</i>
Black-headed Weaver	<i>Ploceus melanocephalus</i>
Golden-backed Weaver	<i>Ploceus jacksoni</i>
Compact Weaver	<i>Ploceus superciliosus</i>
Brown-capped Weaver	<i>Ploceus insignis</i>
Red-headed Malimbe	<i>Malimbus rubricollis</i>
Red-headed Weaver	<i>Anaplectes rubriceps</i>
Cardinal Quelea	<i>Quelea cardinalis</i>
Red-billed Quelea	<i>Quelea quelea</i>
Black Bishop	<i>Euplectes gierowii</i>
Black-winged Red Bishop	<i>Euplectes hordeaceus</i>
Northern Red Bishop	<i>Euplectes franciscanus</i>
Fan-tailed Widowbird	<i>Euplectes axillaris</i>
Yellow-mantled Widowbird	<i>Euplectes macroura</i>
Marsh Widowbird	<i>Euplectes hartlaubi</i>
Red-collared Widowbird	<i>Euplectes ardens</i>
Waxbills, Munias & Allies (Estrildidae)	
Bronze Mannikin	<i>Spermestes cucullata</i>
Magpie Mannikin	<i>Spermestes fringilloides</i>
Black-and-white Mannikin	<i>Spermestes bicolor</i>
Yellow-bellied Waxbill	<i>Coccyzygia quartinia</i>
Green Twinspot	<i>Mandingoa nitidula</i>
Jameson's Antpecker (H)	<i>Parmoptila jamesoni</i>
White-breasted Nigrita	<i>Nigrita fusconotus</i>
Grey-headed Nigrita	<i>Nigrita canicapillus</i>
Black-cheeked Waxbill	<i>Brunhilda charmosyna</i>
Black-crowned Waxbill	<i>Estrilda nonnula</i>
Fawn-breasted Waxbill	<i>Estrilda paludicola</i>
Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>
Black-rumped Waxbill	<i>Estrilda troglodytes</i>
Crimson-rumped Waxbill	<i>Estrilda rhodopyga</i>
Red-cheeked Cordon-bleu	<i>Uraeginthus bengalus</i>
Green-winged Pytilia	<i>Pytilia melba</i>
Brown Twinspot	<i>Clytospiza monteiri</i>
Red-billed Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta senegala</i>
African Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rubricata</i>
Indigobirds, Whydahs (Viduidae)	
Village Indigobird	<i>Vidua chalybeata</i>
Pin-tailed Whydah	<i>Vidua macroura</i>
Wagtails, Pipits (Motacillidae)	
Cape Wagtail	<i>Motacilla capensis</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Mountain Wagtail	<i>Motacilla clara</i>
African Pied Wagtail	<i>Motacilla aguimp</i>
Yellow-throated Longclaw	<i>Macronyx croceus</i>
African Pipit	<i>Anthus cinnamomeus</i>
Plain-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus leucophrys</i>
Finches, Euphonias (Fringillidae)	
Western Citril	<i>Crithagra frontalis</i>
Yellow-fronted Canary	<i>Crithagra mozambica</i>
Brimstone Canary	<i>Crithagra sulphurata</i>
Thick-billed Seedeater	<i>Crithagra burtoni</i>
Streaky Seedeater	<i>Crithagra striolata</i>
Yellow-crowned Canary	<i>Serinus flavivertex</i>
Buntings (Emberizidae)	
Cinnamon-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza tahapisi</i>
Golden-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza flaviventris</i>
Cabanis's Bunting (H)	<i>Emberiza cabanisi</i>

Species Seen	471
Species heard only	19
Total species recorded	490

Mammal List

Mammals 'heard only' are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen.

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following the IUCN Red List:

CR = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable, NT = Near Threatened.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Hyraxes (Procaviidae)	
Rock Hyrax	<i>Procavia capensis</i>
Elephants (Elephantidae)	
African Elephant – VU	<i>Loxodonta africana</i>
Rabbits and Hares (Leporidae)	
African Savanna Hare	<i>Lepus victoriae</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Bunyoro Rabbit	<i>Poelagus marjorita</i>
Squirrels and Relatives (Sciuridae)	
Striped Ground Squirrel	<i>Euxerus erythropus</i>
Ruwenzori Sun Squirrel	<i>Heliosciurus ruwenzorii</i>
Alexander's Bush Squirrel	<i>Paraxerus alexandri</i>
Boehm's Bush Squirrel	<i>Paraxerus boehmi</i>
Bushbabies (Galagidae)	
Thick-tailed Greater Galago	<i>Otolemur crassicaudatus</i>
Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecidae)	
Grey-cheeked Mangabey – VU	<i>Lophocebus albigena</i>
Olive Baboon	<i>Papio anubis</i>
Patas Monkey	<i>Erythrocebus patas</i>
Vervet Monkey	<i>Chlorocebus pygerythrus</i>
Tantalus Monkey	<i>Chlorocebus tantalus</i>
L'Hoest's Monkey – VU	<i>Allochrocebus lhoesti</i>
Red-tailed Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus ascanius</i>
Blue Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus mitis</i>
Guereza	<i>Colobus guereza</i>
Ashy Red Colobus – EN	<i>Piliocolobus tephrosceles</i>
Great Apes (Hominidae)	
Eastern Gorilla – CR	<i>Gorilla beringei</i>
Chimpanzee – EN	<i>Pan troglodytes</i>
Bats (Chiroptera)	
Yellow-winged Bat	<i>Lavia frons</i>
Civets, Genets, Linsangs and allies (Viverridae)	
Common (Small-spotted) Genet	<i>Genetta denetta</i>
Hyaenas and Aardwolf (Hyaenidae)	
Spotted Hyaena	<i>Crocuta crocuta</i>
Mongoose and Fossa (Herpestidae)	
Common Dwarf Mongoose	<i>Helogale parvula</i>
Banded Mongoose	<i>Mungos mungo</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Canids (Canidae)	
Side-striped Jackal	<i>Lupulella adustus</i>
Horses, Asses and Zebras (Equidae)	
Plains Zebra	<i>Equus quagga</i>
Rhinoceroses (Rhinocerotidae)	
White Rhinoceros	<i>Ceratotherium simum</i>
Hogs and Pigs (Suidae)	
Common Warthog	<i>Phacochoerus africanus</i>
Forest Hog	<i>Hylochoerus meinertzhageni</i>
Hippopotamuses (Hippopotamidae)	
Hippopotamus – VU	<i>Hippopotamus amphibius</i>
Bovids (Bovidae)	
African Buffalo	<i>Syncerus caffer</i>
Bushbuck	<i>Tragelaphus scriptus</i>
Impala	<i>Aepyceros melampus</i>
Oribi	<i>Ourebia ourebi</i>
(Defassa) Waterbuck	<i>Kobus ellipsiprymnus</i>
Kob	<i>Kobus kob</i>
(Lelwel) Hartebeest	<i>Alcelaphus buselaphus lelwel</i>
Topi	<i>Damaliscus lunatus</i>
Black-fronted Duiker	<i>Cephalophus nigrifrons</i>
Giraffes and Okapis (Giraffidae)	
Giraffe – VU	<i>Giraffa camelopardalis</i>

Species seen:	41
Species heard:	1
Total species:	40