



## UGANDA PRIVATE BIRDING TOUR REPORT

08 – 30 JULY 2025



*We had great looks at the handsome **Bar-tailed Trogon** along the waterfall trail in Buhoma.*

## Overview

Situated on the equator and encompassing a variety of tropical African habitats, Uganda has a diversity of bird species that is hard to rival for most African countries and is a must-visit destination for anyone interested in birding. Moreover, seeing such iconic and captivating species as **Shoebill**, **Green-breasted Pitta** and **Grauer's Broadbill**, as well as mammals of the same caliber, such as **Eastern (Mountain) Gorilla**, **Chimpanzee** and **Lion**, made this tour truly spectacular and memorable. Many colorful and attractive families were well-represented on this tour, such as turacos (6 species seen), sunbirds (21 species), weavers (29 species), waxbills (21 species), starlings (12 species) and barbets (14 species). Forest specials and highlights included Albertine Rift endemics like **Nahan's Partridge**, **Handsome Spurfowl**, **Rwenzori Turaco**, **Grauer's Warbler**, **Rwenzori Apalis**, **Stripe-breasted Tit**, **Rwenzori Batis**, **Grauer's Warbler**, **Albertine Sooty Boubou**, **Willard's Sooty Boubou**, **Neumann's Warbler**, **Dusky Crimsonwing**, **Kandt's Waxbill**, **Archer's Ground Robin**, **Red-faced Woodland Warbler**, **Red-throated Alethe**, **Yellow-eyed Black Flycatcher**, **Purple-breasted**, **Blue-headed** and **Regal Sunbirds**, as well as more widespread species like **Chocolate-backed**, **African Dwarf** and **Blue-breasted Kingfishers**, **Bar-tailed Trogon**, **Black-billed Turaco**, **Hairy-breasted**, **Yellow-spotted**, **Grey-throated** and **Yellow-billed Barbets**, **Yellow-throated**, **Speckled** and **Western Tinkerbirds**, **Many-colored Bushshrike**, **African Broadbill**, **Grey Parrot**, **Grey Cuckooshrike**, **Chestnut Wattle-eye**, **Mountain Oriole**, **Pink-footed Puffback**, **White-tailed** and **African Blue Flycatchers**, **Western Nicator**, **Black-faced Rufous Warbler**, **Black Bee-eater**, **Brown** and **Mountain Illadopsis**, **Fire-crested** and **Brown-chested Alethe**, **Grey-winged**, **Blue-shouldered** and **White-bellied Robin-Chats**, **Oriole Finch**, **Brown-capped** and **Black-billed Weavers**, and **Red-headed**, **Crested** and **Blue-billed Malimbés**.

Waterbirding was also quite noteworthy on this tour, with the mix of open lakes, forest streams, papyrus beds and grassy marshes delivering goods like **Papyrus Gonolek**, **Marsh Widowbird**, **White-winged** and **Grauer's Swamp Warblers**, **Highland Rush Warbler**, **Papyrus Yellow Warbler**, **Grey Crowned Crane**, **Blue Swallow**, **Swamp** and **Cassin's Flycatchers**, **White-backed Night Heron**, **Rufous-bellied Heron**, **Lesser Jacana**, **Lesser Moorhen**, **Allen's Gallinule** and **Shining-blue Kingfisher**. Savanna areas were always productive, with notable mentions being **Black-breasted Barbet**, **Stone Partridge**, **Clapperton's** and **Heuglin's Spurfowl**, **Harlequin Quail**, **White-crested Turaco**, **Abyssinian Ground Hornbill**, **Purple Starling**, **White-headed**, **Black-collared** and **Crested Barbets**, **Long-tailed Cisticola**, **Grey-headed Oliveback**, **Black Bishop**, **Brown Twinspot**, **Slate-colored Boubou**, **Buff-bellied Warbler**, **Piapiac**, **Black-lored Babbler**, **Flappet Larks** and six vulture species.

Aside from the myriad bird species seen, we were treated to fantastic mammal viewing on this trip, with the savanna regions boasting the full suite of iconic African denizens like **African Savanna Elephant**, **Northern Giraffe**, **Hippopotamus**, **Plains Zebra**, **Lion**, **Leopard** and a plethora of antelope species. Primates were also a major feature of this tour, with **Eastern (Mountain) Gorilla** and **Chimpanzee** being the centerpieces, alongside **Common Patas Monkey**, **Vervet Monkey**, **Guereza**, **Red-tailed Monkey**, **Grey-cheeked Mangabey**, **De Brazza's Monkey**, **Dent's Monkey**, **Blue Monkey** (as well as the 'Golden' Monkey subspecies), **L'Hoest's Monkey**, **Ashy Red Colobus**, **Olive Baboon** and nocturnal species like **East African Potto** and **Demidoff's Dwarf Galago**.

A detailed daily account, along with the full bird and mammal lists for the trip, can be read below.

### Detailed Report

#### **Day 1, 7<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Arrival at Kidepo**

This was just a travel day, with the client meeting us at our lodge in Kidepo in the evening. We enjoyed a hearty dinner and went over the exciting four weeks of birding that lay ahead.

#### **Days 2-3, 8<sup>th</sup>-9<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Birding in Kidepo National Park**

We enjoyed two full days of birding the extensive savannas of Kidepo National Park, right in the northeastern corner of Uganda. This huge reserve is transected by the Narus and Kidepo Rivers, both of which create lush floodplains that crisscross the rolling hills of grassland and stunted tree cover. Some of these hills were capped with bare, granite monoliths adorned with thickets and fig trees. It was near one of these geological formations that we found Kidepo's specialty bird: **Black-breasted Barbet**. This rare barbet, the largest in Africa, is found in the eastern Sahel, and Kidepo is the most accessible place in the world to try for it. However, it is scarce across its whole range, even in Kidepo, so we were over the moon to have extended views of a pair of them feeding and singing at a moderate distance. The same site also delivered the stunning **White-crested Turaco** as well as a family of loud **Stone Partridges**.

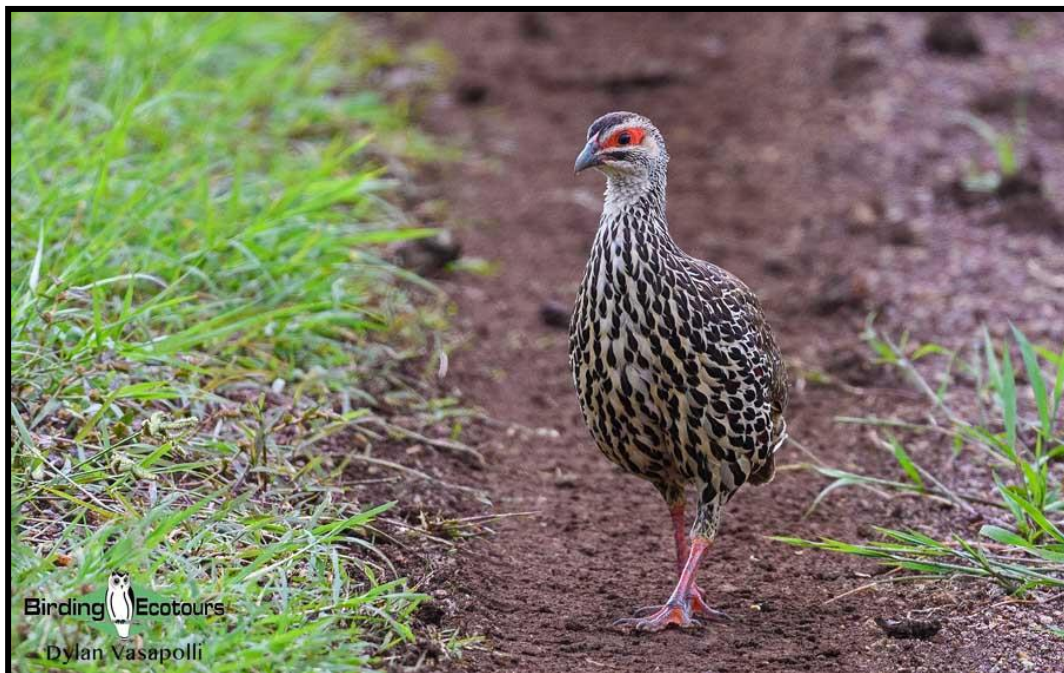


***Black-breasted Barbet** – Africa's largest barbet species and the main target for any birder visiting Kidepo!*



As is the case with any savanna region, colorful and charismatic species were always a highlight, and Kidepo had many of these on offer, namely **Broad-billed** and **Abyssinian Roller**, **Bruce's Green Pigeon**, **Vinaceous** and **Red-eyed Dove**, **Emerald-spotted** and **Black-billed Wood Dove**, vibrant **Rose-ringed Parakeets**, **Meyer's Parrot**, **Jacobin Cuckoo**, **Eastern Plantain-eater**, **White-bellied Go-away-bird**, **Nubian Woodpecker**, **African Grey**, **Jackson's** and **Northern Red-billed Hornbill**, **Abyssinian Scimitarbill**, **Green Wood Hoopoe**, **Woodland Kingfisher**, **Speckled** and **Blue-naped Mousebird**, **Little Bee-eater**, **D'Arnaud's** and **Red-and-yellow Barbet**, **Superb**, **Rüppell's**, **Lesser Blue-eared** and **Greater Blue-eared Starling**, **Yellow-billed Shrike**, **Grey-backed Fiscal**, **Northern White-crowned Shrike** and **Black-headed Oriole**.

The supporting cast was made up of a plethora of smaller species such as **White-crested Helmetshrike**, **White-bellied Tit**, **Fork-tailed Drongo**, **Piapiac**, the recently described **Kidepo Lark**, **Flappet Lark**, **Zitting** and **Red-pate Cisticola**, **Grey-backed Camaroptera**, **Mouse-colored Penduline Tit**, **Red-faced Crombec**, **Sooty Chat**, **Buff-bellied Warbler**, **Zitting**, **Boran** and **Rattling Cisticola**, **Sooty Chat**, **Silverbird**, **African Grey Flycatcher**, **Pygmy** and **Chinspot Batis**, **Orange-breasted Bushshrike**, **Brubru**, **Black-headed Gonolek**, **Black-crowned Tchagra**, **Rufous Chatterer**, **Scarlet-chested Sunbird**, **Red-cheeked Cordon-bleu**, **Pin-tailed** and **Steel-blue Whydah**, **White-browed Sparrow-Weaver**, **White-billed** and **White-headed Buffalo Weaver**, **Speckle-fronted**, **Red-headed** and **Heuglin's Masked Weaver**, **Yellow-spotted Bush Sparrow**, **Reichenow's Seedeater** and **Plain-backed Pipit**



*While being another target species in Kidepo, **Clapperton's Spurfowl** was regularly seen on roadsides in the reserve.*

The floodplains and wetlands found across the reserve were always a focal point for bird activity, and it was here where we found **African Openbill** (by the hundreds!), **African Wattled Lapwing**, **Harlequin Quail**, **Common Buttonquail**, **African Crake**, **Allen's Gallinule**, **White-faced Whistling Duck**, **White-winged Widowbird**, **Village Weaver**, **Black-winged** and **Northern Red Bishop**, **Fan-tailed Grassbird**, **Tawny-flanked Prinia**, **White-browed**, **Black** and **Senegal Coucal**, **Hamerkop**, **Moustached Grass Warbler**, **Croaking Cisticola**, **Yellow-throated Longclaw**, **Quailfinch**, **Fawn-breasted Waxbill** and masses of **Red-billed Quelea**. Large ground-dwelling birds like **Black-bellied Bustard**, **White-bellied Bustard** and the spectacular **Abyssinian Ground Hornbill** were also present, and gamebirds like **Helmeted Guineafowl**, **Crested Francolin** and **Clapperton's Spurfowl** were pleasantly common.

Our lodge at Kidepo was set atop one of the granite inselbergs that overlooked the park from the south. The road leading to the lodge cut through some dense stands of broad-leaved woodland, and we were sure to spend some time birding this altogether different habitat from what we had seen in the park. New species such as **Spot-flanked Barbet**, **Brown-rumped Bunting**, **Yellow-bellied Hyliota**, **Grey-headed Bushshrike**, **Green-backed Eremomela**, **African Thrush**, **Pale Flycatcher**, **Western Black-headed Batis**, **Northern Yellow White-eye**, **Cardinal Quelea**, **Yellow-fronted Canary**, **White-browed Scrub Robin**, **Foxy Cisticola**, **Black Saw-wing** and the enigmatic **Ring-necked Francolin** were all seen along this road, with the latter being a major highlight of the trip due to its rarity. A showy **White-crested Turaco** feeding on the ground at the roadside was also a notable sighting. At night, we were serenaded by **Freckled Nightjars** singing around our chalets, while **Swamp Nightjars** called from the distant floodplains.



*The majestic **Abyssinian Ground Hornbill** was pleasantly common in Kidepo and Murchison Falls.*

Swifts and swallows were ever-present in the skies above Kidepo, with **African Palm Swift** being common. One particularly large, mixed flock of swifts near our lodge delivered the rare **Nyanza Swift** alongside **African Black**, **White-rumped**, **Mottled** and **Horus Swifts**. **Red-breasted**, **Mosque**, **Barn** and **Lesser Striped Swallows** were also seen in small numbers, as was **Alpine Swift**. Raptors were also a feature of Kidepo and included large numbers of vultures. These were mainly **White-backed Vultures** but also included smaller numbers of **Lappet-faced**, **Rüppell's**, **Hooded** and **White-headed Vultures**. Other birds of prey seen included **Bateleur**, **Martial** and **Tawny Eagle**, **Red-necked Falcon**, **Grey** and **Common Kestrel**, **Black-winged Kite**, **Dark Chanting Goshawk** and **Verreaux's Eagle-Owl**. **Fan-tailed Ravens** were also common near the reserve reception.

Birds aside, this reserve was also a paradise for large mammals. Many species of ungulates were in evidence, with most of the larger ones being attended by **Red-billed** and **Yellow-billed Oxpeckers**. Among these were **Cape Buffalo**, **Northern Giraffe**, **Common Warthog**, (Lelwel) **Hartebeest**, **Kob**, **Waterbuck**, **Plains Zebra** (the strange “maneless” subspecies *borensis*), **Bohor Reedbuck**, **Common Eland**, **Oribi** and **Bush Duiker**. We also had superb views of both **Side-striped Jackal** and a mother **Leopard** with a cub, while smaller mammals of interest included **Bush Hyrax**, **Rock Hyrax**, **Striped Ground Squirrel**, **Olive Baboon** and **Common Patas Monkey**.

#### Day 4, 10<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Transfer to Murchison Falls

Today was mostly a travel day, as we had a long (seven hour) drive from Kidepo to Pakuba Lodge in Murchison Falls National Park. As a result, we didn't spend much time birding today but enjoyed the roadside birds along the way. The most notable sighting of the day was our second (and more prolonged) sighting of a **Ring-necked Francolin** singing at the roadside, in the same place we had seen it the previous day just south of the lodge. We enjoyed more views of aforementioned species like **Martial Eagle**, **Grey Kestrel**, **White-browed Coucal**, **Grey-backed Fiscal**, **Red-necked Falcon**, **African Grey Hornbill**, **Piapiac**, **Jacobin Cuckoo**, **Black-crowned Tchagra**, **Orange-breasted Bushshrike**, **Sooty Chat**, **Black-winged** and **Northern Red Bishop**, **Cardinal Quelea**, **Vinaceous Dove**, **Dark Chanting Goshawk** and **Fawn-breasted Waxbill** along the way, and added **Black Crake**, **Red-throated Bee-eater**, **Striped Kingfisher**, **Western Banded Snake Eagle**, **Lizard Buzzard**, **Blue-spotted Wood Dove**, **Wire-tailed Swallow**, **Tropical Boubou**, **Singing** and **Short-winged Cisticola**, **Brown Babbler**, **Black-bellied Firefinch**, **Village Indigobird**, **Black Bishop**, **Compact Weaver** and **Yellow-mantled Widowbird** to our trip list. A copse of alien trees at the roadside delivered a pair of **Ovambo Sparrowhawks**, one of which was the rare melanistic morph. These birds have a liking for nesting in alien tree plantations, so this was a fitting find at such a spot.

Upon approaching the Murchison gate, the lush wetlands along the White Nile delivered some good species like **Goliath Heron**, **Winding Cisticola**, **African Openbill** and **Senegal Coucal**, while the woodland at the gate itself delivered **Grey-capped Warbler**, **Black-headed Gonolek**, **Grey-headed Kingfisher**, **Red-faced Cisticola**, **Black-headed Weaver** and **Klaas's Cuckoo**. We enjoyed the busy bush birding along the final stretch of road to Pakuba Lodge, with the innumerable **Black-billed Wood Doves**, **Piapiacs** and **Red-cheeked Cordon-bleus** punctuated by **African Harrier-Hawk**, **Abyssinian Ground Hornbill**, **Palm-nut Vulture** and **Marabou Stork**.



**Day 5, 11<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Birding in Murchison Falls National Park**

We ventured out early into the park to make the most of the rush of bird activity around dawn. The riverside thickets and hilly savanna were brimming with birds, many of which we had already seen. **Heuglin's Spurfowl, Vitelline Masked Weaver, African Pygmy Kingfisher, Spotted Palm Thrush, Diederik Cuckoo, Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird, Little Weaver, Beautiful Sunbird, Chestnut-crowned Sparrow-Weaver, Banded Martin, Black-rumped Waxbill, Brown-throated Wattle-eye, Angola Swallow, Pale-throated Greenbul** were noteworthy additions, and we appreciated having more viewing opportunities of **Abyssinian Ground Hornbill, Jacobin Cuckoo, African Harrier-Hawk, Palm-nut Vulture, Striped and Grey-headed Kingfisher, Black-bellied Bustard, Silverbird, Blue-naped Mousebird, Little and Red-throated Bee-eater.**

Being situated on the banks of the Nile meant that waterbirds were more prominent here than at Kidepo, with **African Jacana, Spur-winged Lapwing, African Fish Eagle, African Sacred Ibis, Great Egret, Yellow-billed Stork, Giant and Pied Kingfisher and Little Egret** all fairly common around the river margins. These were seen particularly well on our midday boat cruise down to the falls themselves, along with other species like **African Darter, Grey, Purple and Little Heron, Senegal and Water Thick-knee, African Skimmer, Horus Swift, Great Cormorant, Red-throated Bee-eater, Malachite Kingfisher, Knob-billed Duck** and even **African Savanna Elephant and Common Hippopotamus.** This was followed by one last drive through the reserve in the afternoon, which delivered **Mourning Collared Dove, Black-billed Barbet, Northern Puffback, Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird, Tawny Eagle, Common Waxbill, Levillant's Cuckoo, Shelley's Sparrow, Heuglin's Spurfowl and Grey Crowned Crane.**



*Rainbow-colored Red-throated Bee-eaters were a feast for the eyes!*

**Day 6, 12<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Morning birding at Murchison, transfer to Masindi**

After an early breakfast, we packed up and left the lodge to start heading toward Masindi, our next base. Considering this was a much shorter drive than our previous transfer, we decided to spend the early morning birding a few spots in Murchison, with the best of all being the riverine thickets just north of Paraa Safari Lodge. Here we connected with two localized species: **Red-winged Grey Warbler** and **Dusky Babbler**, the latter being almost endemic to this region of Uganda. Other great birds seen throughout the morning included **Spotted Palm Thrush**, **Violet-backed Starling**, **White-browed Robin-Chat**, **Blue Malkoha**, **Brown-crowned Tchagra**, **Green Crombec**, **Little Weaver**, **Bronze Mannikin**, **Fawn-breasted Waxbill**, **Black-headed Gonolek**, **Vitelline Masked Weaver**, **African Hobby**, **Red-shouldered Cuckooshrike**, **Red-faced Cisticola**, **Blue-naped Mousebird**, **Copper** and **Beautiful Sunbird**, **Black-billed Barbet**, **Flappet Lark** and **Mourning Collared Dove**.

A large portion of our drive south took us along the northeastern shore of Lake Albert, one of the immense Rift Valley lakes that inhabit this part of Africa. We were treated to large numbers of **Grey-headed Kingfishers** hunting from the roadside telegraph lines, alongside vocal male **Village Indigobirds**. We added **Spectacled Weaver** and **Long-crested** and **Wahlberg's Eagle** to the trip list before the road crossed the southern end of Budongo Forest. We spent some time birding along the roadside under the canopy of the gargantuan trees this forest boasts. Having traded in the comfortable savanna birding for the difficulties of forest birding, we immediately racked up a glut of new species like **Rufous-crowned Eremomela**, **Yellow-throated Tinkerbird**, **Hairy-breasted Barbet**, **Buff-throated Apalis**, **Sooty Flycatcher** and **Grey-chinned Sunbird**. Moving on from the forest, we completed the journey to Masindi town, seeing **Laughing Dove**, **Northern Black Flycatcher**, **Splendid Starling**, **Red-collared Widowbird**, **Orange-breasted Waxbill** and more **Long-crested Eagles** in the process. One last roadside stop before reaching our accommodation delivered the handsome **Grey-headed Oliveback** as well as the dashing **Ross's Turaco**.

**Day 7, 13<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Full day birding the Royal Mile, Budongo Forest**

The main focus of today was birding the Royal Mile: a long, straight track that cuts north through the magnificent Budongo Forest. This large tract of primary forest just west of Masindi is a hotspot for birding and boasts some highly sought after species, many of which we were blessed to see. Among the best of these were a pair of **Nahan's Partridges** that crossed an animal track adjacent to the main track. Like the closely related Stone Partridge, these curious fowl are actually in the same family as the New World Quails and are not related to the rest of the African francolins and spurfowl.

A few other ground-dwelling goodies like **Scaly-breasted Illadopsis**, **Brown-chested Alethe**, **Fire-crested Alethe**, **Yellow-breasted Forest Robin** and **Red-capped Robin-Chat** graced us with great views. However, the majority of Budongo's target species are canopy-dwellers, which would prove challenging given that the trees in this forest can reach 150 feet (50 meters) in height. Among the best of these were two species of kingfisher: the tiny **African Dwarf Kingfisher** and the secretive **Chocolate-backed Kingfisher**, the latter's mournful whistles teasing us for a while before we eventually got views of this stunning kingfisher.



**Ituri Batis, Uganda Woodland Warbler and Lemon-bellied Crombec** painfully remained in the highest sections of the canopy, while the cheerful **Chestnut-capped Flycatchers** were a bit more obliging, occasionally descending to the mid-stratum. This middle level of the forest understory delivered the majority of species seen, including **African Shrike-Flycatcher, Fraser's Forest Flycatcher, Chestnut Wattle-eye, Buff-throated Apalis, White-breasted Nigrita, Western Nicator, Blue Malkoha, Eastern Yellow-billed Barbet, Yellow-crested Woodpecker, Western Oriole, Grey and Yellow Longbill, Rufous-crowned Eremomela, Yellow-browed and Olive-green Camaroptera, Green Hylia, Red-tailed Bristlebill, Spotted, Plain and Little Grey Greenbul, Fraser's Rufous Thrush, Grey-throated Tit-Flycatcher, Crested Malimbe and Little Green, Olive and Blue-throated Brown Sunbirds.**

Above the canopy, species like **Congo Pied** and **Black-and-white-casqued Hornbill, Grey Parrot** and **Purple-headed Starling** would fly over intermittently, while the calls of **Klaas's** and **African Emerald Cuckoo** rang out through the forest. Outside the forest, the cane fields and adjacent thickets delivered the lovely **Brown Twinspot** as well as **Bar-breasted Firefinch, Compact, Thick-billed** and **Holub's Golden Weaver, Blue-headed Coucal, Red-necked Spurfowl, Black Bishop** and a small group of **White-thighed Hornbills**. Returning to our hotel in the evening, the usual roadside suspects of **Black-winged Kite, Broad-billed Roller, Lizard Buzzard, Piapiac** and **Rüppell's Starling** were present to see us off after another great day of birding.



*While being an attractive little estrildid, **Brown Twinspot** gave us quite the runaround in the farmlands outside of Budongo Forest.*

**Day 8, 14<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Masindi to Semuliki**

We once again had a long transfer ahead of us today, so we were sure to make an early start. After starting off with good numbers of **Black Bishops** and **Village Weavers**, we made a stop at a narrow wetland just south of Masindi. This proved to be fruitful as we got great views of **Marsh Widowbird**, **Brown-backed Scrub Robin**, **Bronzy** and **Variable Sunbird** and even a male **Red-chested Flufftail** that showed exceptionally well! Continuing on from here, more notable species seen along the road included **Lesser Blue-eared Starling**, **Laughing Dove**, **Lesser Striped** and **African Red-rumped Swallow**, **Yellow-mantled Widowbird**, **Striped** and **Woodland Kingfisher**, **Meyer's Parrot**, **Red-faced Cisticola**, **Eastern Plantain-eater**, **Marabou Stork**, **Sooty Chat**, **African Green Pigeon**, **Black Sparrowhawk**, **Ross's Turaco**, **White-throated Bee-eater**, **Village Indigobird**, **African Pied Wagtail**, **Crowned Hornbill** and a breeding colony of **Vieillot's Black Weavers**. Another roadside stop in the degraded thickets bordering farmland delivered the scarce **Speckle-breasted Woodpecker** alongside **Black-crowned Waxbill**, **Black Cuckoo**, **Blue-spotted Wood Dove**, **Blue-headed Coucal** and many of the afore-mentioned weavers.



*Always love a forest bee-eater - **Black Bee-eaters** were seen in most forests that we visited!*

We gathered up more views of **White-headed Saw-wing**, **Wahlberg's** and **Long-crested Eagle**, **Brimstone Canary**, **Angola** and **Mosque Swallow**, **Northern Fiscal**, **Ross's Turaco** **Yellow-billed Kite**, **White-rumped** and **Little Swift**, **Northern Black Flycatcher** and **Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater** before our next stop, where we got **African Pipit**, **Fan-tailed Widowbird** and the skulking **White-winged Swamp Warbler**. Just before the town of Fort Portal, the road cut across the northern tip of Kibale Forest, where we connected with a handful of forest specials like **Sabine's Spinetail**, **Narrow-tailed Starling**, **Cassin's Flycatcher** and **Chubb's Cisticola**.

After completing the journey to our base at Semuliki, we settled in and then went for a short walk through the scrubby forest-edge thickets along the roadside. **Little Green, Olive-bellied, Collared and Copper Sunbird, Green Whit-eye, Brown-crowned Tchagra, Ashy Flycatcher and White-chinned Prinia** were all seen here, while the taller forest fringes delivered **Western Bronze-naped Pigeon, Black-and-white Shrike-Flycatcher** and a soaring **Ayres's Hawk-Eagle** to cap off the day.

### Day 9, 15<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Trekking through Semuliki

Today was dedicated to exploring yet another forest. Lying west of the Rwenzori Mountains, Semuliki Forest National Park is arguably the most humid and Congo-esque of Uganda's forests, which is reflected in the wildlife that occurs here. Many tricky bird species only sneak into East Africa in this reserve. Most of these are principally West African species that reach the eastern edge of their distribution here. We were fortunate to find some of these specials during our day in the forest, including **Blue-headed Crested Flycatcher, Blue-billed Malimbe, Chestnut-breasted Nigrita, Xavier's and Icterine Greenbul, Capuchin Babbler** and three hornbill species (namely **Piping, Black-casqued and Red-billed Dwarf Hornbill**). We were also acquainted with other new forest species like **Jameson's Wattle-eye, Brown-eared Woodpecker, Cassin's Honeybird, Red-bellied Paradise Flycatcher, Red-tailed Greenbul, Speckled Tinkerbird, Grey-headed Nigrita, Grey-headed Sunbird, and Black-billed and Great Blue Turaco**, while previously seen highlights included **Western Banded Snake Eagle, Black Sparrowhawk, Chestnut-capped Flycatcher, Yellow-breasted Forest Robin, Fire-crested Alethe, Crested Malimbe and Yellow-browed Camaroptera**. While mammals didn't feature majorly in the forest, we enjoyed seeing multiple monkey species including the rare **Dent's Monkey and De Brazza's Monkey**, as well as more common **Red-tailed and Blue Monkeys**.

### Day 10, 16<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Morning birding at Semuliki, transfer to Kibale

We awoke to a wonderful morning chorus of forest species and decided to go for a short walk around the lodge property where we were staying. The best species seen here were **Red-tailed Ant Thrush, Grey-chinned Sunbird** and the impressive **Blue-breasted Kingfisher**, while more views of **Grey-headed Nigrita, Speckled Tinkerbird, Little Greenbul, Green Hylia** and the huge **Black-casqued Hornbill** were also appreciated. We then briefly visited the nearby bridge over the Kiruma Bridge, not finding much past some **Fawn-breasted Waxbills** and singletons of **Palm-nut Vulture and African Green Pigeon**.

Before departing from Semuliki, we paid a visit to the Red Monkey and Hot Springs Trail Reserve. This small park is centered around a bizarre pair of geothermal springs that well up from the volcanic activity of the Rift Valley below ground. These mineral-rich pools of warm water here hosted **Three-banded Plover, Spur-winged Lapwing, and Purple Heron**, while the surrounding swamp forest delivered **Black-and-white Mannikin**, another **Blue-breasted Kingfisher** and the scarce **Eastern Long-tailed Hornbill**. After these additions, we headed back towards Kibale, with the wetlands outside Fort Portal giving us great views of **African Marsh Harrier, Blue-headed Coucal, Greater Swamp Warbler and Northern Brown-throated Weaver**. We then retired to our lodge in Kibale town for the rest of the afternoon due to a perpetuating thunderstorm.



### Day 11, 17<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Bigodi Swamp and Guereza Canopy Lodge

We awoke this morning to an **African Goshawk** with a fresh kill in the trees above the breakfast deck of our lodge. However, we didn't have much time to sit and admire it as we were to be walking around Bigodi Swamp this morning. This large tract of swamp forest sits on the southeast side of Kibale town and is protected by the local community, who organize guided tours through the swamp. During the morning, we amassed an impressive 50 species just at the swamp alone, with highlights including **Grey-winged** and **Snowy-crowned Robin-Chat**, **Red-headed Bluebill**, **Magpie Mannikin**, **White-breasted** and **Grey-headed Nigrita**, **Purple-headed Starling**, **Dusky-blue Flycatcher**, **Grey Tit-Flycatcher**, **White-chinned Prinia**, **African Blue Flycatcher**, **Bocage's Bushshrike**, **Green Crombec**, **Yellow-spotted Barbet**, **White-chinned Prinia**, **Ross's** and **Great Blue Turaco** and two male **White-spotted Flufftails** that, like the **Red-chested Flufftail** before, performed very well for such normally secretive birds.

Around midday, we transferred to our next lodge, Guereza Canopy Lodge. Situated on the edge of Kibale Forest just north of the town, we enjoyed having lunch overlooking the forest and being entertained by the surrounding birdlife which was surprisingly prolific. **Sabine's Spinetail**, **Blue-throated Roller**, **Speckle-breasted** and **Nubian Woodpecker**, **Speckled Tinkerbird**, **African Pygmy Kingfisher**, **African Emerald Cuckoo**, **Tropical Boubou**, **Black-and-white Shrike-Flycatcher**, **Magpie Mannikin** and **Green-headed Sunbird** were all seen during the heat of the day. For the late afternoon, we birded a small marshy valley surrounded by farmland just west of the lodge. Our best pickups here were **Double-toothed Barbet**, **Black-lored Babbler**, **Black-necked** and **Holub's Golden Weaver**, **Grey-capped Warbler**, **Cardinal Woodpecker**, **Northern Fiscal** and a distant **Red-chested Flufftail** (this one would remain unseen). One last stint of birding was done for the day along the forested track near Little Monkey Camp. This would deliver **Tambourine Dove**, **Toro Olive Greenbul**, **Red-capped Robin-Chat**, **Brown-throated** and **Chestnut Wattle-eye**, **Grey-throated Tit-Flycatcher**, **Green Crombec** and a trio of **Blue-throated Rollers** displaying overhead.

### Day 12, 18<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Green-breasted Pitta and chimp trekking, Kibale

This morning was spent birding various sections of the well-known Kibale Forest National Park. This large, isolated tract of lowland forest is renowned for being the best site in the world for the beautiful **Green-breasted Pitta**. It didn't take long for us to hear the abrupt wing sonations of one displaying within the depths of the forest. After locating the bird, we spent almost an hour watching it display from an elevated perch before diving down to the ground and disappearing. This was followed by an adorable **Red-chested Owlet** softly whistling from the canopy, as well as a pair of courting **Afep Pigeons**.

With our main target acquired, we ventured back onto the main road and did some more relaxed forest birding along its course. The artificial "forest clearing" created by the road was quite productive and delivered **Dusky Tit**, **Yellow-mantled Weaver**, **Petit's Cuckooshrike**, **Black Bee-eater**, **Green Crombec**, **Blue Malkoha**, **African Shrike-Flycatcher**, **Speckled**, **Yellow-throated** and **Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird**, **Eastern Yellow-billed** and **Grey-throated Barbet**, **Narrow-tailed Starling**, **Sooty Flycatcher** and even a distant **Blue-breasted Kingfisher**.

We then headed back to the lodge for lunch, after which our client Todd had a great **Chimpanzee** trekking experience in a different section of the forest. Finishing off the day with some light birding

around the lodge proved fruitful with more views of things like **Black-and-white Shrike-Flycatcher**, **Great Blue Turaco**, **Sabine's Spinetail**, **Alpine Swift**, **White-headed Saw-wing**, **Grey-capped Warbler**, **Vieillot's Black Weaver** and **Olive, Green-throated, Blue-throated Brown** and **Olive-bellied Sunbird**. A **Fiery-necked Nightjar** sitting on the lodge entrance track around nightfall was a nice close to the day.



*Watching a **Green-breasted Pitta** performing his jumping display for almost an hour was incredibly special.*

### **Day 13, 19<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Birding around Guereza Lodge and Turaco Trails, Bigodi**

The dawn birding from the breakfast deck was phenomenal this morning. At least eight species of sunbirds were visiting the flowering trees in front of us, with the additions of **Collared, Copper** and even the scarce **Orange-tufted Sunbird**. **Grey Tit-Flycatcher**, **Lizard Buzzard**, **African Pygmy Kingfisher** and **Red-chested Cuckoo** were also noteworthy. The small marshy valley on the way out of the lodge also delivered **Bronzy Sunbird**, **Palm-nut Vulture**, **African Harrier-Hawk**, **Black-lored Babbler** and **Grey Crowned Crane** before we ventured off to the Turaco Trails section of Bigodi Swamp. This small reserve consists of a network of footpaths that run through thickets and swamp forest on the southwestern side of Bigodi. While our only new species here were **Superb Sunbird** and **White-tailed Ant Thrush**, we had plenty to entertain us including **Brown-backed Scrub Robin**, **Snowy-capped** and **Red-capped Robin-Chat**, **Common Waxbill**, **Red-chested Sunbird**, **Green Hylia**, **Plain Greenbul**, **Grey Tit-Flycatcher**, **Chestnut** and **Brown-throated Wattle-eye**, **Blue-spotted Wood Dove**, **Black Cuckoo**, **Shining-blue Kingfisher**, **Red-bellied Paradise Flycatcher** and a circling **African Goshawk**.

The rest of the afternoon was quite relaxed, but we did make sure to take a few walks around the lodge premises both after lunch and in the late afternoon. A pair of **Lowland Masked Apalis** were

probably the best find of the day, as these birds are scarce and can be quite uncooperative (as we had found out!). Other notable species seen on the lodge ground included **Grey Parrot**, **Grey-headed** and **White-breasted Nigrita**, **African Blue Flycatcher**, **Wahlberg's Eagle**, **Black-necked Weaver**, **African Emerald Cuckoo** and eleven species of sunbird (**Olive**, **Olive-bellied**, **Green-throated**, **Green-headed**, **Grey-chinned**, **Scarlet-chested**, **Little Green**, **Bronzy**, **Copper**, **Blue-throated Brown** and **Tiny Sunbird**).



*We found a pair of **Lowland Masked Apalis** right outside our lodge in Kibale, singing in the heat of the day, strangely!*

#### **Day 14, 20<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Transfer to Queen Elizabeth, Kazinga Channel boat trip**

With yet another transfer day ahead of us, we made an early start and enjoyed some final birding from the breakfast deck before making our way west towards Fort Portal. Arriving at Fort Portal around mid-morning, we made a stop at the wetland crossing on the outskirts of town where we had **Black-crowned Waxbill**, **Blue-headed Coucal**, **Chubb's**, **Red-faced** and **Winding Cisticola**, **Hamerkop**, **Grey-capped Warbler**, **Greater Swamp Warbler** and **Highland Rush Warbler**. The weavers here are a strange mix of **Black-headed**, **Northern Brown-throated** and the rare **Northern Masked Weaver**, and all seem to interbreed here which causes problems with identification. A brief flyby from a **White-collared Oliveback** was also had here. Moving on towards Queen Elizabeth, we had some pleasant roadside birding along the way and made sure to stop on the Equator just north of the park.

By this point, we had shifted, once again, from forest birding to savanna birding and were back in the territory of species like **Grey-headed Kingfisher**, **Black-headed Gonolek**, **Olive Bee-eater**, **Northern Black Flycatcher**, **Purple-banded Sunbird**, **Brimstone** and **Yellow-fronted Canary**. Once at our fabulous lodge on the shores of both Lake Edward and the Kazinga Channel, we were



greeted by a family of **Swamp Flycatchers** sitting on the furniture in the reception area. These were accompanied by a female **Red-chested Sunbird** and a **Yellow-winged False-vampire** bat hanging from the ceiling (the sunbird was looking for spiderwebs for her nest).

The main event of the afternoon was doing a boat trip along the Kazinga Channel, which was laden with waterbirds of all varieties. Among these were **African Skimmer**, **Knob-billed Duck**, **Black Crane**, **Water Thick-knee**, **Three-banded** and **Kittlitz's Plover**, **Spur-winged** and **African Wattled Lapwing**, **African Jacana**, **Yellow-billed** and **Saddle-billed Stork**, **Reed** and **Great Cormorant**, **Glossy Ibis**, **African Spoonbill**, **Squacco** and **Goliath Heron**, **Hamerkop**, **Great White** and **Pink-backed Pelican**, **Pied** and **Malachite Kingfisher** and **African Fish Eagle**. Mixed flocks of swallows held **Barn**, **Lesser Striped**, **Wire-tailed** and **Angola Swallow**, **White-headed Saw-wing** and **Banded Martin**, while the shoreline delivered colorful species like **Little**, **Olive** and **Red-throated Bee-eater** and **Double-toothed Barbet**. A few **Horus Swifts** on the return trip to the lodge were a nice final touch.

We capped off the day by doing some savanna birding along the lodge access road which delivered **Gabar Goshawk** (melanistic form), **Blue-spotted Wood Dove**, **Red-necked Spurfowl**, **Crested Francolin**, **Black-lored** and **Arrow-marked Babbler**, **Trilling Cisticola**, **White-browed Scrub Robin**, **Green-winged Pytilia**, **Spectacled** and **Lesser Masked Weaver**, **Golden-breasted Bunting**, **Plain-backed Pipit**, **Village Indigobird**, **Wattled Starling**, **Common Scimitarbill**, **Little Bee-eater**, **Spot-flanked Barbet** and lots of **Senegal Lapwings**, among the usual suspects.



*African Skimmers were seen on both the Kazinga Channel and Murchison Falls boat trips.*

### Day 15, 21<sup>st</sup> July 2025. Lion Savanna, transfer to Buhoma, Bwindi

With another travel day ahead of us, we wasted no time and got on the road early. Savanna birding on our way from the lodge to the main road yielded many previously seen species including **Arrow-marked Babbler**, **Grey Kestrel**, **Olive Bee-eater**, **Marabou Stork**, **White-browed Robin-Chat**, **Red-breasted Swallow**, **Palm-nut Vulture**, **Mourning Collared Dove**, **Croaking Cisticola** and **Golden-breasted Bunting**, as well as a few new species like **Black-chested Snake Eagle** and **Southern Red Bishop**. We took an hour or two to bird the Lion Savannas section of the park to the east of the road, where the extensive grasslands were rich with many open country species like **African Crake**, **Zitting Cisticola**, **Flappet** and **Rufous-naped Lark**, **Plain-backed** and **African Pipits**, **Red-billed Quelea**, **White-winged Widowbird**, **Crimson-rumped Waxbill**, **Banded Martin**, **Yellow-throated Longclaw**, **Kittlitz's Plover**, **Crimson-rumped Waxbill**, **Senegal**, **Crowned** and **African Wattled Lapwing** and **Temminck's Courser**. This was followed by a stop over the Kazinga Channel at Katunguru where the papyrus beds delivered the beautiful **Papyrus Gonolek** alongside **Carruthers's Cisticola**, **White-winged Swamp Warbler** and **Greater Swamp Warbler**. **Pink-backed Pelican**, **Malachite Kingfisher**, **Wire-tailed Swallow** and **Broad-billed Roller** were also seen here.

We then proceeded down the long road south through the Ishasha section of the park, enjoying plentiful savanna birding along the way. Raptors were common here, with **Western Banded** and **Brown Snake Eagle**, **White-backed** and **Lappet-faced Vulture**, **Bateleur**, **Black-winged Kite** and **African Harrier Hawk** all in evidence. Among the myriad of familiar species were new ones like **Marsh Tchagra**, **Stout Cisticola**, **Fan-tailed Widowbird**, **Crested Barbet**, **African Grey Woodpecker** and **African Woolly-necked Stork** as well as other notable species such as **Nubian Woodpecker**, **Long-toed Lapwing**, **Yellow-billed Stork**, **Blue-naped** and **Speckled Mousebird**, **Trilling Cisticola**, **Spectacled Weaver**, **Moustached Grass Warbler**, **Sooty Chat** and **Double-toothed Barbet**. The stretch of this road running through Maramagambo Forest delivered a handful of surprising species like **Lowland Sooty Boubou**, **Purple-headed Starling**, **Little Greenbul**, **Hairy-breasted Barbet** and **Purple-banded Sunbird**. Once we had turned off the Ishasha road, we continued south until we reached the village of Buhoma, right at the west gate of Bwindi Impenetrable Forest National Park.

### Days 16-17, 22<sup>nd</sup>-23<sup>rd</sup> July 2025. Birding and Gorilla Trekking in Buhoma, Bwindi

Our first full day birding from Buhoma was spent birding the main trail through Bwindi Forest. Having so much time to spend in such a bird-rich locale, we understandably came away at the end of the day with a mouth-watering list of species. The top birds from here were species which are endemic or near-endemic to the montane forests of the Albertine Rift, of which Bwindi is one such forest. Some of these specials seen include **Red-throated Alethe**, **Blue-headed Sunbird**, **Fine-banded Woodpecker**, **Toro Olive Greenbul**, **Red-faced Woodland Warbler** and **Equatorial Akalat**. The two prime targets of Buhoma, **Willard's Sooty Boubou** and **Neumann's Warbler**, were both seen towards the end of the trail. The former showed very well while the latter, true to form, was rather elusive and only gave a few brief glimpses as it skulked around beneath a streamside thicket.

The supporting cast consisted of species like **Western Bronze-naped Pigeon**, **Tambourine Dove**, **Black-billed** and **Great Blue Turaco**, **Blue Malkoha**, a soaring **Crowned Eagle**, **Bar-tailed Trogon**, **Black Bee-eater**, **Yellow-spotted** and **Hairy-breasted Barbet**, **Buff-spotted** and **Elliot's Woodpecker**, a displaying **African Broadbill**, **Petit's Cuckooshrike**, **Mountain Oriole**, **Pink-footed Puffback**, **Lühder's** and **Many-colored Bushshrike**, **Dusky Tit**, **Olive-green Camaroptera**, **Black-throated**, **Buff-throated** and **Grey Apalis**, **Black-throated Rufous Warbler**, **Green Hylia**, **Waller's Starling**, **Fraser's Rufous Thrush**, **White-tailed Ant Thrush**, **Sooty** and **African Dusky Flycatcher**, **Blue-shouldered**, **Grey-winged** and **White-bellied Robin-Chat**, **Red-headed Malimbe**, **Brown-capped Weaver**, **White-breasted Nigrita**, **Mountain Wagtail**, six sunbird species (**Little Green**, **Olive**, **Collared**, **Green-throated**, **Grey-chinned** and **Northern Double-collared Sunbird**) and ten greenbul species (**Slender-billed**, **Red-tailed**, **Kakamega**, **Plain**, **Ansorge's**, **Yellow-whiskered**, **Little**, **Honeyguide** and **Cabanis's Greenbul** and **Red-tailed Bristlebill**).



*Arguably the animal Uganda is most famous for: tracking **Eastern Gorillas** in Buhoma was a massive highlight of the tour!*

The forest edge was also quite birdy, with species like **African Red-rumped Swallow**, **White-eyed Slaty Flycatcher**, **Cape Wagtail**, **Baglafecht Weaver**, **African Paradise Flycatcher**, **Dusky-blue Flycatcher**, **Black-billed** and **Black-necked Weaver**, **White-chinned Prinia**, **Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater**, **Streaky Seedeater**, **Western Citril**, **Black-throated Canary**, **White-tailed Blue Flycatcher** and **African Thrush** all showing well between the lodge and the entrance gate. While our second day at Buhoma didn't consist of much birding, Todd had a great time tracking the **Eastern (Mountain) Gorillas** that have made Bwindi so famous.



**Day 18, 24<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Buhoma to Ruhija via “the Neck”**

Heading east from Buhoma through the network of farming communities alongside Bwindi, we birded along the way picking up **Red-throated Wryneck**, **Bronzy Sunbird**, **Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater**, **Bronze Mannikin**, **Black Sparrowhawk**, **Tropical Boubou**, **Thick-billed Weaver**, **Mosque Swallow**, **Blue-headed Coucal**, **Lizard Buzzard**, **Holub’s Golden Weaver**, **Eastern Plantain-eater** and **Mackinnon’s Shrike** in the process. We made sure to stop at the narrow section of Bwindi Forest, known as “the Neck”, for another bit of streamside forest birding. Here we saw many species we had seen at Buhoma, with the addition of **Black Saw-wing**, **African Olive Pigeon**, **Little Grebe** and **African Black Duck**.

Increasing in altitude as we approached Ruhija, we were treated to beautiful vistas over the surrounding hills, with **Augur Buzzards** and **White-necked Ravens** soaring about. **African Stonechat**, **Red-throated Rock Martin**, **Chubb’s Cisticola**, **Streaky Seedeater** and **Plain-backed Pipit** were also seen on these slopes, and we added **Variable Sunbird** and **Yellow-crowned Canary** at our mountainside accommodation. After having lunch and checking in, we went for a late afternoon walk down the “school track” between the town and the forest edge, for our final forest birding session for the day. Being at higher altitude than Buhoma, another suite of species had now become available to us, including **Rwenzori Batis**, **Grey Cuckooshrike**, **Albertine Sooty Boubou**, **Archer’s Ground Robin**, **Chestnut-throated** and **Mountain Masked Apalis** and the strange **Grauer’s Warbler**. Our last new addition for the day was a **Montane Nightjar** seen near the school track after dinner.



*Rwenzori Batis is the largest batis species, and one of the easier Albertine endemics.*

### Day 19, 25<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Grauer's Broadbill walk down to Mubwindi Swamp

Today we had another full day of forest trail birding in Bwindi, this time doing the famed “**Grauer's Broadbill**” walk down to Mubwindi Swamp. This trail is quite a steep descent into the forest, but fortunately it's a more open section of forest than Buhoma, making visibility better for birding. This was also another high species day, with roughly 70 species seen along this trail, including Albertine Rift targets like **Yellow-eyed Black Flycatcher**, **Dusky Crimsonwing**, **White-bellied Crested Flycatcher**, **Strange Weaver**, **Stripe-breasted Tit**, **Rwenzori Apalis**, **Rwenzori Batis**, **Rwenzori Hill Babbler**, **Albertine Sooty Boubou**, **Dwarf Honeyguide** and, of course, **Grauer's Broadbill**. We were treated to one of these emerald gems actively ferrying food to its moss-clad nest, with a noisy nestling begging incessantly.



*We enjoyed prolonged views of a nesting **Grauer's Broadbill** at Mubwindi Swamp!*

Other montane specials seen along the trail included **Banded Prinia** (the Albertine “Black-faced” subspecies), **Mountain Illadopsis**, **Abyssinian Thrush**, **White-starred Robin**, **Yellow-streaked** and **Kikuyu Mountain Greenbul**, **White-browed Crombec**, **Evergreen Forest Warbler**, **Abyssinian Thrush**, **Thick-billed Seed eater**, **Oriole Finch** and **Sharpe's**, **Waller's** and **Slender-billed Starling**. At the bottom of the trail, Mubwindi Swamp itself delivered brief views of the localized **Grauer's Swamp Warbler**, as well as **Carruthers's Cisticola**, a soaring **Mountain Buzzard** and a few distant **Sitatunga** antelope feeding on the wetland edge. Other colorful favorites such as **White-headed Wood Hoopoe**, **Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater**, **Eastern Yellow-billed** and **Grey-throated Barbet**, **White-tailed Blue Flycatcher**, **Mountain Oriole**, **Black-billed Turaco** and **African Olive Pigeon** were also seen, and a surprising group of **Eastern Gorillas** near the start of the trail was also a notable sighting.

**Day 20, 26<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Birding the bamboo zone, transfer to Mgahinga**

Leaving our accommodation early, we made a few roadside birding stops on the way out of Bwindi, specifically in the apply named “bamboo zone”. Here, large stands of bamboo are intermingled with open patches of the forest, creating a unique habitat. Here, we saw many of the forest species we had seen yesterday, along with the rare **Purple-breasted Sunbird** and **Western Tinkerbird**. Large flocks of **Waller’s**, **Slender-billed** and **Sharpe’s Starling** feeding on fruiting trees were a great sight, along with **Mountain** and **Dark-capped Yellow Warbler**, **Oriole Finch**, **Rwenzori Apalis**, **Black-billed Turaco**, **Yellow-bellied Waxbill**, **Crowned Hornbill**, **Northern Puffback** and **African Green Pigeon**.

Once we were out of Bwindi, we journeyed along the winding route towards Mgahinga, enjoying many **Augur Buzzard**, **Red-throated Rock Martins** and two **Dusky Turtle Doves** en route. Stopping along the road that cuts through Echuya Forest delivered **Olive Woodpecker**, **Rwenzori Apalis**, **Strange Weaver**, **Yellow-whiskered Greenbul**, **Rwenzori Hill Babbler**, **Western Tinkerbird** and the stunning **Regal Sunbird**, another Albertine Rift endemic, while a small lake west of the forest played host to **Blue-billed Teal**, **Yellow-billed Duck**, **African Jacana**, **Little Grebe**, **Common Moorhen**, **Grey Heron** and numbers of **Red-knobbed Coot**.

Once we arrived at Mucha Riverside Lodge, we checked in and spent the rest of the afternoon relaxing and birding the lodge grounds, which were surprisingly bird-rich. Among the best of these were a couple of **White-collared Olivebacks** that were nesting in old **Slender-billed Weaver** nests at the gate, as well as a pair of **Olive Woodpeckers** excavating a hole in front of our chalets! Other species nesting on the property included **White-tailed Blue Flycatcher** and **Hamerkop**, while **Yellow-billed Stork**, **African Paradise Flycatcher**, **Swamp Flycatcher**, **Pale-throated Greenbul**, **Red-chested** and **Bronzy Sunbird**, **Grey-capped Warbler**, **Streaky Seedeater**, **Red-billed Firefinch**, **Grey-headed Nigrita** and flocks of **Black-crowned Waxbill** were also present.

**Day 21, 27<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Mgahinga Forest National Park**

Today was dedicated to birding the trails heading up Mount Sabyinyo in Mgahinga Gorilla National Park, on the very southwestern corner of Uganda. Unlike the other forest we had visited, Mgahinga has a lower canopy, more clearings and is heavily inundated with bamboo thickets. The main target here was the splendid **Rwenzori Turaco**, of which we saw at least 15. **Rwenzori Double-collared Sunbird** was the other major target here, and we managed to locate a couple of them among the more common **Regal Sunbirds**. We also lucked into two **Handsome Spurfowl** crossing the path, while other new species seen during the walk included **White-tailed Crested Flycatcher**, **Lemon Dove**, **Cinnamon Bracken Warbler** and **Kandt’s Waxbill**. **African Olive Pigeon**, **African Goshawk**, **Mountain Buzzard**, **Western** and **Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird**, **Northern Puffback**, **Albertine Sooty Boubou**, **Red-faced Woodland Warbler**, **Dusky Crimsonwing**, **Rwenzori Hill Babbler**, **Red-throated Alethe**, **Yellow-streaked** and **Kikuyu Mountain Greenbul**, **Mountain Yellow Warbler**, **Rwenzori**, **Mountain Masked** and **Chestnut-throated Apalis**, **Sharpe’s Starling**, **Abyssinian Thrush** and good numbers of **White-starred Robin** were but a selection of the species seen during the day’s walk.





*We were lucky to find at least ten **Rwenzori Turacos** feeding on fruiting trees in Mgahinga.*

Mammal-wise, seeing the highly range-restricted “Golden Monkey” was a highlight. This attractive primate is endemic to just six Albertine peaks between the DRC and Uganda, although it is currently still classified as a subspecies of **Blue Monkey**. Leaving the forest, we also managed to connect with **Cape Robin-Chat** in the gardens near the park gate, a rare bird in Uganda. After getting a few more birds in the communities, like **African Pied Wagtail**, **Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater** and **Yellow-crowned Canary**, we headed back to the lodge and relaxed for the remainder of the afternoon. Here, we enjoyed many of the same species we’d seen yesterday, with the addition of **Pink-backed Pelican**, **Blue-headed Coucal**, **Long-crested Eagle**, **Western Citril**, **Village Weaver**, **Lesser Striped Swallow**, **Red-faced Cisticola** and **Tropical Boubou**.

#### **Day 22, 28<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Transfer from Mgahinga to Lake Mburo**

With a particularly long transfer day ahead of us, we made sure to leave Mgahinga early and start making our way eastward. We stopped again a few times as we crossed Echuya Forest, seeing many previously seen species, while further on at the town of Kabale we found a pair of **Arnot’s Chats** and a single **Variable Sunbird**. **Yellow-billed Kite**, **African Black Swift**, **Black Saw-wing**, **Marabou Stork**, **Speckled Pigeon**, **Grey Crowned Crane**, **Woodland Kingfisher**, **Long-crested Eagle**, **Wire-tailed Swallow**, **Broad-billed Roller**, **Emerald-spotted Wood Dove** and **Laughing Dove** were among the less common roadside birds seen along the way, while **Augur Buzzards** and **Speckled Mousebirds** remained regular.

Heading back into Acacia savanna and away from the montane forest of the west, we once again came into **Grey-backed Fiscal** and **Rüppell's Starling** country, also getting our first looks at **Meyer's Parrot** and the handsome **Bare-faced Go-away-bird**. Approaching Lake Mburo National Park in the late afternoon, we made an evening venture to a swamp south of Sanga village where we connected with the iconic **Shoebill**, alongside other wetland birds such as **Grey Crowned Crane**, **Rufous-bellied Heron**, **Lesser Swamp Warbler** and **Fan-tailed Widowbird**. The degraded savanna surrounding the wetland delivered **Senegal Lapwing**, **Trilling Cisticola**, **Black-bellied Bustard**, **Black-lored Babbler**, **African Pipit**, **Blue-naped Mousebird** and a distant calling **Coqui Francolin**. We then arrived at our last base for the tour, Rwakobo Rock Lodge, overlooking Lake Mburo National Park.



*We managed to connect with the iconic **Shoebill** towards the end of the tour, not at Mabamba Swamp for a change!*

### Day 23, 29<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Birding Lake Mburo National Park

We awoke to **Fiery-necked**, **Square-tailed** and **Freckled Nightjars** singing around the lodge at twilight. After enjoying breakfast, we headed down to the park where we spent the morning birding its extensive network of savanna tracks. We catalogued an impressive list during the morning with colorful highlights including **Emerald-spotted Wood Dove**, **Cardinal** and **Bearded Woodpecker**, **Green-capped Eremomela**, **Common Scimitarbill**, **Striped** and **African Pygmy Kingfisher**, **Lesser Masked** and **Red-headed Weaver**, **Black-headed Gonolek**, **Green Wood Hoopoe**, **Little Bee-eater Spot-flanked** and **Crested Barbet**, **Bare-faced Go-away-bird** and the vivid **Lilac-breasted Roller**.



We bumped into many mixed species bird flocks across the reserve, which consisted of smaller species like **White-winged Black Tit**, **Long-tailed** and **Trilling Cisticola**, **White-browed Scrub Robin**, **Yellow-breasted Apalis**, **Sooty Chat**, **Red-faced Crombec**, **Pale Flycatcher**, **Chinspot Batis**, **Grey Penduline Tit**, **Green-winged Pytilia**, **Golden-breasted Bunting**. Like the other savanna reserves, we saw good numbers of raptors here such as **Bateleur**, **Brown Snake Eagle**, **Palm-nut**, **Lappet-faced** and **White-backed Vulture** and a nesting pair of **Wahlberg's Eagles**. Open plains yielded **Red-breasted Swallow**, **Senegal Lapwing** and **Water Thick-knee**.

For the afternoon, we headed back into the park and made our way down to the lake itself for a boat ride along the shoreline. Fringed by clay banks and dense tangles of vegetation, the waterbirding here was excellent for two secretive species: a pair of **White-backed Night Herons** and a couple of **African Finfoots**. A small group of **Lesser Flamingos** flying past was an unusual sighting, while more regular aquatic species seen included **Pied**, **Malachite** and **Giant Kingfisher**, **Common Sandpiper**, **Hamerkop**, **Striated** and **Squacco Heron**, **Carruthers's Cisticola** and numbers of **African Fish Eagles** nesting in the surrounding trees. **Levaillant's Cuckoo**, **Spectacled Weaver**, **Green Wood Hoopoe** and **Pale-throated Greenbul** were also seen from the boat. Heading back through the reserve after the boat trip yielded many species seen from the morning. Once back at the lodge, we connected with a few overflying **Red-headed Lovebirds** before settling in for dinner and our final night of the tour.



*One of three finfoot species, the elusive **African Finfoot** was seen many times on Lake Mburo.*

#### **Day 24, 30<sup>th</sup> July 2025. Transfer to Entebbe**

Concluding our tour list with some **Brown-chested Lapwings** on the way out of Lake Mburo, we traveled back to Entebbe airport where the tour ended.



### **Bird List - Following IOC Version 15.1 (February 2025)**

Birds 'heard only' are marked with (H) after the common name, all other species were seen.

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following the IUCN Red List: CR = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable.

<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>
<b>Ostriches (Struthionidae)</b>	
Common Ostrich	<i>Struthio camelus</i>
<b>Ducks, Geese, Swans (Anatidae)</b>	
White-faced Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>
White-backed Duck	<i>Thalassornis leuconotus</i>
Knob-billed Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>
Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>
African Pygmy Goose	<i>Nettapus auritus</i>
African Black Duck	<i>Anas sparsa</i>
Yellow-billed Duck	<i>Anas undulata</i>
<b>Guineafowl (Numididae)</b>	
Helmeted Guineafowl	<i>Numida meleagris</i>
<b>New World Quail (Odontophoridae)</b>	
Stone Partridge	<i>Ptilopachus petrosus</i>
Nahan's Partridge - VU	<i>Ptilopachus nahani</i>
<b>Pheasants &amp; Allies (Phasianidae)</b>	
Crested Francolin	<i>Ortygornis sephaena</i>
Coqui Francolin (H)	<i>Campocolinus coqui</i>
Ring-necked Francolin	<i>Scleroptila streptophora</i>
Harlequin Quail	<i>Coturnix delegorguei</i>
Handsome Spurfowl	<i>Pternistis nobilis</i>
Heuglin's Spurfowl	<i>Pternistis icterorhynchus</i>
Clapperton's Spurfowl	<i>Pternistis clappertoni</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Red-necked Spurfowl	<i>Pternistis afer</i>
<b>Nightjars (Caprimulgidae)</b>	
Fiery-necked Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus pectoralis</i>
Montane Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus poliocephalus</i>
Swamp Nightjar (H)	<i>Caprimulgus natalensis</i>
Freckled Nightjar (H)	<i>Caprimulgus tristigma</i>
Square-tailed Nightjar (H)	<i>Caprimulgus fossii</i>
<b>Swifts (Apodidae)</b>	
Sabine's Spinetail	<i>Rhaphidura sabini</i>
African Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus parvus</i>
Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>
Mottled Swift	<i>Tachymarptis aequatorialis</i>
Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>
Nyanza Swift	<i>Apus niansae</i>
African Black Swift	<i>Apus barbatus</i>
Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>
Horus Swift	<i>Apus horus</i>
White-rumped Swift	<i>Apus caffer</i>
<b>Turacos (Musophagidae)</b>	
Great Blue Turaco	<i>Corythaeola cristata</i>
Bare-faced Go-away-bird	<i>Crinifer personatus</i>
White-bellied Go-away-bird	<i>Crinifer leucogaster</i>
Eastern Plantain-eater	<i>Crinifer zonurus</i>
Rwenzori Turaco	<i>Gallirex johnstoni</i>
Ross's Turaco	<i>Tauraco rossae</i>
White-crested Turaco	<i>Tauraco leucolophus</i>
Black-billed Turaco	<i>Tauraco schuettii</i>
<b>Bustards (Otididae)</b>	
Black-bellied Bustard	<i>Lissotis melanogaster</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
White-bellied Bustard	<i>Eupodotis senegalensis</i>
<b>Cuckoos (Cuculidae)</b>	
Black-throated Coucal (H)	<i>Centropus leucogaster</i>
Senegal Coucal	<i>Centropus senegalensis</i>
Blue-headed Coucal	<i>Centropus monachus</i>
White-browed Coucal	<i>Centropus superciliosus</i>
Black Coucal	<i>Centropus grillii</i>
Blue Malkoha	<i>Ceuthmochares aereus</i>
Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>
Levaillant's Cuckoo	<i>Clamator levaillantii</i>
Jacobin Cuckoo	<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>
Diederik Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx caprius</i>
Klaas's Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx klaas</i>
African Emerald Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx cupreus</i>
Dusky Long-tailed Cuckoo (H)	<i>Cercococcyx mechowi</i>
Black Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus clamosus</i>
Red-chested Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus solitarius</i>
<b>Pigeons, Doves (Columbidae)</b>	
Rock Dove (Introduced)	<i>Columba livia</i>
Speckled Pigeon	<i>Columba guinea</i>
Afep Pigeon	<i>Columba unicincta</i>
African Olive Pigeon	<i>Columba arquatrix</i>
Western Bronze-naped Pigeon	<i>Columba iriditorques</i>
Lemon Dove	<i>Columba larvata</i>
Dusky Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia lugens</i>
Mourning Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decipiens</i>
Red-eyed Dove	<i>Streptopelia semitorquata</i>
Ring-necked Dove	<i>Streptopelia capicola</i>
Vinaceous Dove	<i>Streptopelia vinacea</i>
Laughing Dove	<i>Spilopelia senegalensis</i>
Emerald-spotted Wood Dove	<i>Turtur chalcospilos</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
Black-billed Wood Dove	<i>Turtur abyssinicus</i>
Blue-spotted Wood Dove	<i>Turtur afer</i>
Tambourine Dove	<i>Turtur tympanistria</i>
Namaqua Dove	<i>Oena capensis</i>
Bruce's Green Pigeon	<i>Treron waalia</i>
African Green Pigeon	<i>Treron calvus</i>
<b>Finfoots (Heliornithidae)</b>	
African Finfoot	<i>Podica senegalensis</i>
<b>Flufftails &amp; Forest Rails (Scolothruridae)</b>	
White-spotted Flufftail	<i>Scolothrura pulchra</i>
Red-chested Flufftail	<i>Scolothrura rufa</i>
<b>Rails, Crakes &amp; Coots (Rallidae)</b>	
African Rail (H)	<i>Rallus caerulescens</i>
African Crake	<i>Crecoptis egregia</i>
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>
Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>
Allen's Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio alleni</i>
Black Crake	<i>Zapornia flavirostra</i>
<b>Cranes (Gruidae)</b>	
Grey Crowned Crane - EN	<i>Balearica regulorum</i>
<b>Grebes (Podicipedidae)</b>	
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>
<b>Flamingos (Phoenicopteridae)</b>	
Lesser Flamingo	<i>Phoeniconaias minor</i>
<b>Buttonquail (Turnicidae)</b>	
Common Buttonquail	<i>Turnix sylvaticus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Stone-curlews, Thick-knees (Burhinidae)</b>	
Water Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>
Senegal Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus senegalensis</i>
<b>Plovers (Charadriidae)</b>	
Three-banded Plover	<i>Charadrius tricollaris</i>
Long-toed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus crassirostris</i>
Spur-winged Lapwing	<i>Vanellus spinosus</i>
Senegal Lapwing	<i>Vanellus lugubris</i>
Crowned Lapwing	<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>
African Wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus senegallus</i>
Brown-chested Lapwing	<i>Vanellus superciliosus</i>
Kittlitz's Plover	<i>Anarhynchus pecuarius</i>
<b>Jacanas (Jacanidae)</b>	
African Jacana	<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>
<b>Sandpipers, Snipes (Scolopacidae)</b>	
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>
<b>Couriers, Pratincoles (Glareolidae)</b>	
Temminck's Courser	<i>Cursorius temminckii</i>
<b>Gulls, Terns, Skimmers (Laridae)</b>	
African Skimmer	<i>Rynchops flavirostris</i>
Grey-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus</i>
<b>Storks (Ciconiidae)</b>	
African Openbill	<i>Anastomus lamelligerus</i>
Marabou Stork	<i>Leptoptilos crumenifer</i>
Yellow-billed Stork	<i>Mycteria ibis</i>
Saddle-billed Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
African Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia microscelis</i>
<b>Anhingas, Darters (Anhingidae)</b>	
African Darter	<i>Anhinga rufa</i>
<b>Cormorants, Shags (Phalacrocoracidae)</b>	
Reed Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo africanus</i>
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>
<b>Ibises, Spoonbills (Threskiornithidae)</b>	
African Sacred Ibis	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>
Hadada Ibis	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i>
Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>
African Spoonbill	<i>Platalea alba</i>
<b>Hérons, Bitterns (Ardeidae)</b>	
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>
White-backed Night Heron	<i>Calherodius leuconotus</i>
Little Heron	<i>Butorides atricapilla</i>
Rufous-bellied Heron	<i>Ardeola rufiventris</i>
Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
Yellow-billed Egret	<i>Ardea brachyrhyncha</i>
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Ardea ibis</i>
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>
Black-headed Heron	<i>Ardea melanocephala</i>
Goliath Heron	<i>Ardea goliath</i>
<b>Hamerkop (Scopidae)</b>	
Hamerkop	<i>Scopus umbretta</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Shoebill (Balaenicipitidae)</b>	
Shoebill - VU	<i>Balaeniceps rex</i>
<b>Pelicans (Pelecanidae)</b>	
Great White Pelican	<i>Pelecanus onocrotalus</i>
Pink-backed Pelican	<i>Pelecanus rufescens</i>
<b>Kites, Hawks, Eagles (Accipitridae)</b>	
Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>
African Harrier-Hawk	<i>Polyboroides typus</i>
Palm-nut Vulture	<i>Gypohierax angolensis</i>
White-headed Vulture - CR	<i>Trigonoceps occipitalis</i>
Lappet-faced Vulture - EN	<i>Torgos tracheliotos</i>
Hooded Vulture - CR	<i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i>
White-backed Vulture - CR	<i>Gyps africanus</i>
Rüppell's Vulture - CR	<i>Gyps rueppelli</i>
Bateleur - EN	<i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i>
Western Banded Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinerascens</i>
Black-chested Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus pectoralis</i>
Brown Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinereus</i>
Crowned Eagle	<i>Stephanoaetus coronatus</i>
Martial Eagle - EN	<i>Polemaetus bellicosus</i>
Long-crested Eagle	<i>Lophaetus occipitalis</i>
Wahlberg's Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus wahlbergi</i>
Ayres's Hawk-Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus ayresii</i>
Tawny Eagle - VU	<i>Aquila rapax</i>
Gabar Goshawk	<i>Micronisus gabar</i>
Dark Chanting Goshawk	<i>Melierax metabates</i>
Lizard Buzzard	<i>Kaupifalco monogrammicus</i>
African Goshawk	<i>Aerospiza tachiro</i>
Ovambo Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter ovampensis</i>
Black Sparrowhawk	<i>Astur melanoleucus</i>
African Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus ranivorus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Yellow-billed Kite	<i>Milvus aegyptius</i>
African Fish Eagle	<i>Ichthyophaga vocifer</i>
Augur Buzzard	<i>Buteo augur</i>
Mountain Buzzard	<i>Buteo oreophilus</i>
Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>
<b>Owls (Strigidae)</b>	
Red-chested Owlet	<i>Glaucidium tephronotum</i>
Verreaux's Eagle-Owl	<i>Ketupa lactea</i>
African Wood Owl (H)	<i>Strix woodfordii</i>
<b>Mousebirds (Coliidae)</b>	
Speckled Mousebird	<i>Colius striatus</i>
Blue-naped Mousebird	<i>Urocolius macrourus</i>
<b>Trogon (Trogonidae)</b>	
Bar-tailed Trogon	<i>Apaloderma vittatum</i>
<b>Wood Hoopoes (Phoeniculidae)</b>	
White-headed Wood Hoopoe	<i>Phoeniculus bollei</i>
Green Wood Hoopoe	<i>Phoeniculus purpureus</i>
Black Scimitarbill	<i>Rhinopomastus aterrimus</i>
Common Scimitarbill	<i>Rhinopomastus cyanomelas</i>
Abyssinian Scimitarbill	<i>Rhinopomastus minor</i>
<b>Ground Hornbills (Bucorvidae)</b>	
Abyssinian Ground Hornbill - VU	<i>Bucorvus abyssinicus</i>
<b>Hornbills (Bucerotidae)</b>	
Northern Red-billed Hornbill	<i>Tockus erythrorhynchus</i>
Jackson's Hornbill	<i>Tockus jacksoni</i>
Crowned Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros alboterminatus</i>
Congo Pied Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros fasciatus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Hemprich's Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros hemprichii</i>
African Grey Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros nasutus</i>
Red-billed Dwarf Hornbill	<i>Lophoceros camurus</i>
Piping Hornbill	<i>Bycanistes fistulator</i>
White-thighed Hornbill	<i>Bycanistes albotibialis</i>
Black-and-white-casqued Hornbill	<i>Bycanistes subcylindricus</i>
Black-casqued Hornbill	<i>Ceratogymna atrata</i>
Eastern Long-tailed Hornbill	<i>Horizocerus cassini</i>
<b>Rollers (Coraciidae)</b>	
Purple Roller	<i>Coracias naevius</i>
Lilac-breasted Roller	<i>Coracias caudatus</i>
Abyssinian Roller	<i>Coracias abyssinicus</i>
Blue-throated Roller	<i>Eurystomus gularis</i>
Broad-billed Roller	<i>Eurystomus glaucurus</i>
<b>Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)</b>	
Chocolate-backed Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon badia</i>
Grey-headed Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon leucocephala</i>
Striped Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon chelicuti</i>
Blue-breasted Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon malimbica</i>
Woodland Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon senegalensis</i>
African Dwarf Kingfisher	<i>Ispidina lecontei</i>
African Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Ispidina picta</i>
Malachite Kingfisher	<i>Corythornis cristatus</i>
Shining-blue Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo quadribrachys</i>
Giant Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle maxima</i>
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>
<b>Bee-eaters (Meropidae)</b>	
Black Bee-eater	<i>Merops gularis</i>
Swallow-tailed Bee-eater	<i>Merops hirundineus</i>
Little Bee-eater	<i>Merops pusillus</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
Cinnamon-chested Bee-eater	<i>Merops oreobates</i>
Red-throated Bee-eater	<i>Merops bulocki</i>
White-throated Bee-eater	<i>Merops albicollis</i>
Olive Bee-eater	<i>Merops superciliosus</i>
<b>African Barbets (Lybiidae)</b>	
Eastern Yellow-billed Barbet	<i>Trachylaemus purpuratus</i>
Crested Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus vaillantii</i>
Red-and-yellow Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus erythrocephalus</i>
D'Arnaud's Barbet	<i>Trachyphonus darnaudii</i>
Grey-throated Barbet	<i>Gymnobucco bonapartei</i>
Speckled Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus scolopaceus</i>
Western Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus coryphaea</i>
Red-rumped Tinkerbird (H)	<i>Pogoniulus atroflavus</i>
Yellow-throated Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus subsulphureus</i>
Yellow-rumped Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus bilineatus</i>
Yellow-fronted Tinkerbird	<i>Pogoniulus chrysoconus</i>
Yellow-spotted Barbet	<i>Buccanodon duchaillui</i>
Hairy-breasted Barbet	<i>Tricholaema hirsuta</i>
Spot-flanked Barbet	<i>Tricholaema lacrymosa</i>
White-headed Barbet	<i>Lybius leucocephalus</i>
Black-billed Barbet	<i>Lybius guifsobalito</i>
Double-toothed Barbet	<i>Pogonornis bidentatus</i>
Black-breasted Barbet	<i>Pogonornis rolleti</i>
<b>Honeyguides (Indicatoridae)</b>	
Cassin's Honeybird	<i>Prodotiscus insignis</i>
Zenker's Honeyguide (H)	<i>Melignomon zenkeri</i>
Dwarf Honeyguide	<i>Indicator pumilio</i>
Lesser Honeyguide (H)	<i>Indicator minor</i>
Scaly-throated Honeyguide (H)	<i>Indicator variegatus</i>
Greater Honeyguide	<i>Indicator indicator</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Woodpeckers (Picidae)</b>	
Red-throated Wryneck	<i>Jynx ruficollis</i>
African Piculet (H)	<i>Verreauxia africana</i>
Buff-spotted Woodpecker	<i>Pardipicus nivosus</i>
Brown-eared Woodpecker	<i>Pardipicus caroli</i>
Nubian Woodpecker	<i>Campethera nubica</i>
Golden-tailed Woodpecker	<i>Campethera abingoni</i>
Fine-banded Woodpecker	<i>Campethera taeniolaema</i>
Bearded Woodpecker	<i>Chloropicus namaquus</i>
Yellow-crested Woodpecker	<i>Chloropicus xantholophus</i>
Speckle-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos poecilolaemus</i>
Cardinal Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos fuscescens</i>
Elliot's Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos elliotii</i>
African Grey Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos goertae</i>
Olive Woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos griseocephalus</i>
<b>Caracaras, Falcons (Falconidae)</b>	
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>
Grey Kestrel	<i>Falco ardosiaceus</i>
Red-necked Falcon	<i>Falco chicquera</i>
African Hobby	<i>Falco cuvierii</i>
<b>African &amp; New World Parrots (Psittacidae)</b>	
Grey Parrot - EN	<i>Psittacus erithacus</i>
Meyer's Parrot	<i>Poicephalus meyeri</i>
<b>Old World Parrots (Psittaculidae)</b>	
Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>
Red-headed Lovebird	<i>Agapornis pullarius</i>
<b>Typical Broadbills (Eurvlaimidae)</b>	
Grauer's Broadbill - VU	<i>Pseudocalyptomena graueri</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>African &amp; Green Broadbills (Calvptomenidae)</b>	
African Broadbill	<i>Smithornis capensis</i>
<b>Pittas (Pittidae)</b>	
Green-breasted Pitta	<i>Pitta reichenowi</i>
<b>Wattle-eyes, Batises (Platysteiridae)</b>	
Rwenzori Batis	<i>Batis diops</i>
Chinspot Batis	<i>Batis molitor</i>
Western Black-headed Batis	<i>Batis erlangeri</i>
Pygmy Batis	<i>Batis perkeo</i>
Ituri Batis	<i>Batis ituriensis</i>
Chestnut Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira castanea</i>
Brown-throated Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira cvanea</i>
Jameson's Wattle-eye	<i>Platysteira jamesoni</i>
<b>Bushshrikes (Malaconotidae)</b>	
Grey-headed Bushshrike	<i>Malaconotus blanchoti</i>
Many-colored Bushshrike	<i>Chlorophoneus multicolor</i>
Bocage's Bushshrike	<i>Chlorophoneus bocagei</i>
Orange-breasted Bushshrike	<i>Chlorophoneus sulfureopectus</i>
Marsh Tchagra	<i>Bocagia minuta</i>
Brown-crowned Tchagra	<i>Tchagra australis</i>
Black-crowned Tchagra	<i>Tchagra senegalus</i>
Pink-footed Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus angolensis</i>
Northern Puffback	<i>Dryoscopus gambensis</i>
Lowland Sooty Boubou	<i>Laniarius leucorhynchus</i>
Albertine Sooty Boubou	<i>Laniarius holomelas</i>
Willard's Sooty Boubou	<i>Laniarius willardi</i>
Slate-colored Boubou	<i>Laniarius funebris</i>
Lühder's Bushshrike	<i>Laniarius luehderi</i>
Tropical Boubou	<i>Laniarius major</i>
Papyrus Gonolek	<i>Laniarius mufumbiri</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Black-headed Gonolek	<i>Laniarius erythrogaster</i>
Brubru	<i>Nilaus afer</i>
<b>Vangas &amp; Allies (Vangidae)</b>	
White-crested Helmetshrike	<i>Prionops plumatus</i>
African Shrike-flycatcher	<i>Megabyas flammulatus</i>
Black-and-white Shrike-flycatcher	<i>Bias musicus</i>
<b>Cuckooshrikes (Campephagidae)</b>	
Grey Cuckooshrike	<i>Cebilepyris caesius</i>
Black Cuckooshrike	<i>Campephaga flava</i>
Red-shouldered Cuckooshrike	<i>Campephaga phoenicea</i>
Petit's Cuckooshrike	<i>Campephaga petiti</i>
<b>Figbirds, Old World Orioles, Piopios (Oriolidae)</b>	
Western Oriole	<i>Oriolus brachyrynchus</i>
Black-headed Oriole	<i>Oriolus larvatus</i>
Mountain Oriole	<i>Oriolus percivali</i>
<b>Drongos (Dicruridae)</b>	
Fork-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus adsimilis</i>
<b>Monarchs (Monarchidae)</b>	
Blue-headed Crested Flycatcher	<i>Trochocercus nitens</i>
Red-bellied Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone rufiventer</i>
African Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone viridis</i>
<b>Shrikes (Laniidae)</b>	
Northern White-crowned Shrike	<i>Eurocephalus ruppelli</i>
Yellow-billed Shrike	<i>Lanius corvinus</i>
Grey-backed Fiscal	<i>Lanius excubitoroides</i>
Northern Fiscal	<i>Lanius humeralis</i>
Mackinnon's Shrike	<i>Lanius mackinnoni</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Crows, Javs (Corvidae)</b>	
Piapiac	<i>Ptilostomus afer</i>
Pied Crow	<i>Corvus albus</i>
Fan-tailed Raven	<i>Corvus rhipidurus</i>
White-necked Raven	<i>Corvus albicollis</i>
<b>Fairy Flycatchers (Stenostiridae)</b>	
African Blue Flycatcher	<i>Elminia longicauda</i>
White-tailed Blue Flycatcher	<i>Elminia albicauda</i>
White-bellied Crested Flycatcher	<i>Elminia albiventris</i>
White-tailed Crested Flycatcher	<i>Elminia albonotata</i>
<b>Tits, Chickadees (Paridae)</b>	
White-winged Black Tit	<i>Melaniparus leucomelas</i>
White-bellied Tit	<i>Melaniparus albiventris</i>
Dusky Tit	<i>Melaniparus funereus</i>
Stripe-breasted Tit	<i>Melaniparus fasciiventer</i>
<b>Penduline Tits (Remizidae)</b>	
Mouse-colored Penduline Tit	<i>Anthoscopus musculus</i>
Grey Penduline Tit	<i>Anthoscopus caroli</i>
<b>Nicators (Nicatoridae)</b>	
Western Nicator	<i>Nicator chloris</i>
<b>Larks (Alaudidae)</b>	
Flappet Lark	<i>Amirafra rufocinnamomea</i>
Kidepo Lark	<i>Corypha kidepoensis</i>
Rufous-naped Lark	<i>Corypha africana</i>
<b>Bulbuls (Pycnonotidae)</b>	
Slender-billed Greenbul	<i>Stelgidillas gracilirostris</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Red-tailed Bristlebill	<i>Bleda syndactylus</i>
Pale-throated Greenbul	<i>Atimastillas flavigula</i>
Spotted Greenbul	<i>Ixonotus guttatus</i>
Joyful Greenbul (H)	<i>Chlorocichla laetissima</i>
Honeyguide Greenbul	<i>Baeopogon indicator</i>
Kakamega Greenbul	<i>Arizelocichla kakamegae</i>
Kikuyu Mountain Greenbul	<i>Arizelocichla kikuyuensis</i>
Red-tailed Greenbul	<i>Criniger calurus</i>
Little Greenbul	<i>Eurillas virens</i>
Yellow-whiskered Greenbul	<i>Eurillas latirostris</i>
Plain Greenbul	<i>Eurillas curvirostris</i>
Little Grey Greenbul	<i>Eurillas gracilis</i>
Ansorge's Greenbul	<i>Eurillas ansorgei</i>
White-throated Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus albigularis</i>
Xavier's Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus xavieri</i>
Icterine Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus icterinus</i>
Cabanis's Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus cabanisi</i>
Yellow-streaked Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus flavostriatus</i>
Toro Olive Greenbul	<i>Phyllastrephus hypochloris</i>
Common Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus barbatus</i>
<b>Swallows, Martins (Hirundinidae)</b>	
White-headed Saw-wing	<i>Psalidoprocne albiceps</i>
Black Saw-wing	<i>Psalidoprocne pristontera</i>
Banded Martin	<i>Neophedina cincta</i>
Red-throated Rock Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rufigula</i>
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
Angola Swallow	<i>Hirundo angolensis</i>
Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>
African Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis melanocrissus</i>
Lesser Striped Swallow	<i>Cecropis abyssinica</i>
Red-breasted Swallow	<i>Cecropis semirufa</i>
Mosque Swallow	<i>Cecropis senegalensis</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Crombecs, African Warblers (Macrosphenidae)</b>	
Moustached Grass Warbler	<i>Melocichla mentalis</i>
Yellow Longbill	<i>Macrosphenus flavicans</i>
Grey Longbill	<i>Macrosphenus concolor</i>
Red-faced Crombec	<i>Sylvietta whytii</i>
Green Crombec	<i>Sylvietta virens</i>
Lemon-bellied Crombec	<i>Sylvietta denti</i>
White-browed Crombec	<i>Sylvietta leucophrys</i>
<b>Cettia Bush Warblers &amp; Allies (Cettiidae)</b>	
Neumann's Warbler	<i>Hemitesia neumanni</i>
<b>Yellow Flycatchers (Erythrocercidae)</b>	
Chestnut-capped Flycatcher	<i>Erythrocercus mccallii</i>
<b>Hylia (Hylidae)</b>	
Green Hylia	<i>Hylia prasina</i>
<b>Leaf Warblers (Phylloscopidae)</b>	
Red-faced Woodland Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus laetus</i>
Uganda Woodland Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus budongoensis</i>
<b>Reed Warblers &amp; Allies (Acrocephalidae)</b>	
Grauer's Warbler	<i>Graueria vittata</i>
Greater Swamp Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus rufescens</i>
Lesser Swamp Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus gracilirostris</i>
African Yellow Warbler	<i>Iduna natalensis</i>
Mountain Yellow Warbler	<i>Iduna similis</i>
<b>Grassbirds &amp; Allies (Locustellidae)</b>	
Fan-tailed Grassbird	<i>Catriscus brevirostris</i>
Evergreen Forest Warbler	<i>Bradypterus lopezi</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Cinnamon Bracken Warbler	<i>Bradypterus cinnamomeus</i>
White-winged Swamp Warbler	<i>Bradypterus carpalis</i>
Grauer's Swamp Warbler - VU	<i>Bradypterus graueri</i>
Highland Rush Warbler	<i>Bradypterus centralis</i>
<b>Cisticolas &amp; Allies (Cisticolidae)</b>	
Red-faced Cisticola	<i>Cisticola erythrops</i>
Singing Cisticola	<i>Cisticola cantans</i>
Whistling Cisticola (H)	<i>Cisticola lateralis</i>
Trilling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola woosnami</i>
Chubb's Cisticola	<i>Cisticola chubbi</i>
Rattling Cisticola	<i>Cisticola chiniana</i>
Boran Cisticola	<i>Cisticola bodessa</i>
Winding Cisticola	<i>Cisticola marginatus</i>
Carruthers's Cisticola	<i>Cisticola carruthersi</i>
Stout Cisticola	<i>Cisticola robustus</i>
Croaking Cisticola	<i>Cisticola natalensis</i>
Red-pate Cisticola	<i>Cisticola ruficeps</i>
Short-winged Cisticola	<i>Cisticola brachypterus</i>
Foxy Cisticola	<i>Cisticola troglodytes</i>
Long-tailed Cisticola	<i>Cisticola angusticauda</i>
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>
Tawny-flanked Prinia	<i>Prinia subflava</i>
Banded Prinia	<i>Prinia bairdii</i>
White-chinned Prinia	<i>Schistolais leucopogon</i>
Rwenzori Apalis	<i>Oreolais ruwenzorii</i>
Red-winged Grey Warbler	<i>Drymocichla incana</i>
Buff-bellied Warbler	<i>Phyllolais pulchella</i>
Yellow-breasted Apalis	<i>Apalis flava</i>
Lowland Masked Apalis	<i>Apalis binotata</i>
Mountain Masked Apalis	<i>Apalis personata</i>
Black-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis jacksoni</i>
Chestnut-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis porphyrolaema</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
Buff-throated Apalis	<i>Apalis rufogularis</i>
Grey Apalis	<i>Apalis cinerea</i>
Grey-capped Warbler	<i>Eminia lepida</i>
Grey-backed Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera brevicaudata</i>
Yellow-browed Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera superciliaris</i>
Olive-green Camaroptera	<i>Camaroptera chloronota</i>
Black-faced Rufous Warbler	<i>Bathmocercus rufus</i>
Green-backed Eremomela	<i>Eremomela canescens</i>
Green-capped Eremomela	<i>Eremomela scotops</i>
Rufous-crowned Eremomela	<i>Eremomela badiceps</i>
<b>Sylviid Babblers (Sylviidae)</b>	
Rwenzori Hill Babbler	<i>Sylvia atriceps</i>
<b>White-eyes (Zosteropidae)</b>	
Green White-eye	<i>Zosterops stuhlmanni</i>
Northern Yellow White-eye	<i>Zosterops senegalensis</i>
<b>Ground Babblers (Pellorneidae)</b>	
Brown Illadopsis (H)	<i>Illadopsis fulvescens</i>
Mountain Illadopsis	<i>Illadopsis pyrrhoptera</i>
Scaly-breasted Illadopsis	<i>Illadopsis albipectus</i>
<b>Laughingthrushes &amp; Allies (Leiothrichidae)</b>	
Rufous Chatterer	<i>Argya rubiginosa</i>
Capuchin Babbler	<i>Turdoides atripennis</i>
Brown Babbler	<i>Turdoides plebejus</i>
Arrow-marked Babbler	<i>Turdoides jardineii</i>
Dusky Babbler	<i>Turdoides tenebrosa</i>
Black-lored Babbler	<i>Turdoides sharpei</i>
<b>Hyliotas (Hylotiidae)</b>	
Yellow-bellied Hyliota	<i>Hyliota flavigaster</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Starlings, Rhabdornises (Sturnidae)</b>	
Wattled Starling	<i>Creatophora cinerea</i>
Purple-headed Starling	<i>Hylopsar purpureiceps</i>
Greater Blue-eared Starling	<i>Lamprotornis chalybaeus</i>
Lesser Blue-eared Starling	<i>Lamprotornis chloropterus</i>
Bronze-tailed Starling	<i>Lamprotornis chalcurus</i>
Splendid Starling	<i>Lamprotornis splendidus</i>
Rüppell's Starling	<i>Lamprotornis purpuroptera</i>
Superb Starling	<i>Lamprotornis superbus</i>
Violet-backed Starling	<i>Cinnvricinclus leucogaster</i>
Red-winged Starling	<i>Onychognathus morio</i>
Slender-billed Starling	<i>Onychognathus tenuirostris</i>
Waller's Starling	<i>Onychognathus walleri</i>
Stuhlmann's Starling	<i>Poeoptera stuhlmanni</i>
Narrow-tailed Starling	<i>Poeoptera lugubris</i>
Sharpe's Starling	<i>Pholia sharpii</i>
<b>Oxpeckers (Buphagidae)</b>	
Yellow-billed Oxpecker	<i>Buphagus africanus</i>
Red-billed Oxpecker	<i>Buphagus erythrorhynchus</i>
<b>Thrushes (Turdidae)</b>	
Fraser's Rufous Thrush	<i>Stizorhina fraseri</i>
White-tailed Ant Thrush	<i>Neocossyphus poensis</i>
Red-tailed Ant Thrush	<i>Neocossyphus rufus</i>
African Thrush	<i>Turdus pelios</i>
Abyssinian Thrush	<i>Turdus abyssinicus</i>
<b>Chats, Old World Flycatchers (Muscicapidae)</b>	
Fire-crested Alethe	<i>Alethe castanea</i>
Forest Scrub Robin (H)	<i>Tychaemon leucosticta</i>
Brown-backed Scrub Robin	<i>Cercotrichas hartlaubi</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
White-browed Scrub Robin	<i>Cercotrichas leucophrys</i>
Pale Flycatcher	<i>Agricola pallidus</i>
Fraser's Forest Flycatcher	<i>Fraseria ocreata</i>
Grey-throated Tit-Flycatcher	<i>Fraseria griseigularis</i>
Grey Tit-Flycatcher	<i>Fraseria plumbea</i>
Chapin's Flycatcher - VU	<i>Fraseria lendu</i>
Ashy Flycatcher	<i>Fraseria caerulescens</i>
White-eyed Slaty Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis fischeri</i>
Yellow-eyed Black Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis ardesiacus</i>
Northern Black Flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis edolioides</i>
Silverbird	<i>Empidonax semipartitus</i>
Dusky-blue Flycatcher	<i>Bradornis comitatus</i>
African Grey Flycatcher	<i>Bradornis microrhynchus</i>
Sooty Flycatcher	<i>Artomias fuliginosa</i>
African Dusky Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa adusta</i>
Cassin's Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa cassini</i>
Swamp Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa aquatica</i>
White-starred Robin	<i>Pogonochla stellata</i>
Yellow-breasted Forest Robin	<i>Stiphodon xanthogaster</i>
White-bellied Robin-Chat	<i>Cossyphula roberti</i>
Red-throated Alethe	<i>Chamaetylas poliopterus</i>
Brown-chested Alethe	<i>Chamaetylas poliocephala</i>
White-browed Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha heuglini</i>
Snowy-crowned Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha niveicapilla</i>
Red-capped Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha natalensis</i>
Blue-shouldered Robin-Chat	<i>Cossypha cyanocampter</i>
Spotted Palm Thrush	<i>Cichladusa guttata</i>
Cape Robin-Chat	<i>Dessonornis caffer</i>
Archer's Ground Robin	<i>Dessonornis archeri</i>
Equatorial Akalat	<i>Sheppardia aequatorialis</i>
Grey-winged Robin-Chat	<i>Sheppardia polioptera</i>
African Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquatus</i>
Sooty Chat	<i>Myrmecocichla nigra</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Ruaha Chat	<i>Myrmecocichla collaris</i>
White-fronted Black Chat	<i>Oenanthe albifrons</i>
Familiar Chat	<i>Oenanthe familiaris</i>
<b>Sunbirds (Nectariniidae)</b>	
Grey-headed Sunbird	<i>Deleornis axillaris</i>
Little Green Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes seimundi</i>
Grey-chinned Sunbird	<i>Anthreptes tephrolaemus</i>
Collared Sunbird	<i>Hedydipna collaris</i>
Green-headed Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra verticalis</i>
Blue-throated Brown Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra cyanolaema</i>
Blue-headed Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra alinae</i>
Olive Sunbird	<i>Cyanomitra olivacea</i>
Green-throated Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra rubescens</i>
Scarlet-chested Sunbird	<i>Chalcomitra senegalensis</i>
Purple-breasted Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia purpureiventris</i>
Bronze Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia kilimensis</i>
Malachite Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia famosa</i>
Olive-bellied Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris chloropygius</i>
Tiny Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris minullus</i>
Rwenzori Double-collared Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris stuhlmanni</i>
Northern Double-collared Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris reichenowi</i>
Regal Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris regius</i>
Beautiful Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris pulchellus</i>
Marico Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris mariquensis</i>
Red-chested Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris erythrocerus</i>
Purple-banded Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris bifasciatus</i>
Orange-tufted Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris bouvieri</i>
Superb Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris superbus</i>
Variable Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris venustus</i>
Copper Sunbird	<i>Cinnvris cupreus</i>



Common Name	Scientific Name
<b>Old World Sparrows, Snowfinches (Passeridae)</b>	
Yellow-spotted Bush Sparrow	<i>Gymnoris pyrgita</i>
Shelley's Sparrow	<i>Passer shelleyi</i>
Northern Grey-headed Sparrow	<i>Passer griseus</i>
House Sparrow (Introduced)	<i>Passer domesticus</i>
<b>Weavers, Widowbirds (Ploceidae)</b>	
White-billed Buffalo Weaver	<i>Bubalornis albirostris</i>
Red-billed Buffalo Weaver	<i>Bubalornis niger</i>
White-headed Buffalo Weaver	<i>Dinemellia dinemelli</i>
White-browed Sparrow-Weaver	<i>Plocepasser mahali</i>
Chestnut-crowned Sparrow-Weaver	<i>Plocepasser superciliosus</i>
Speckle-fronted Weaver	<i>Sporopipes frontalis</i>
Thick-billed Weaver	<i>Amblyospiza albifrons</i>
Baglafecht Weaver	<i>Ploceus baglafecht</i>
Slender-billed Weaver	<i>Ploceus pelzelni</i>
Little Weaver	<i>Ploceus luteolus</i>
Spectacled Weaver	<i>Ploceus ocularis</i>
Black-necked Weaver	<i>Ploceus nigricollis</i>
Strange Weaver	<i>Ploceus alienus</i>
Black-billed Weaver	<i>Ploceus melanogaster</i>
Holub's Golden Weaver	<i>Ploceus xanthops</i>
Heuglin's Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus heuglini</i>
Northern Brown-throated Weaver	<i>Ploceus castanops</i>
Northern Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus taeniopterus</i>
Lesser Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus intermedius</i>
Vitelline Masked Weaver	<i>Ploceus vitellinus</i>
Village Weaver	<i>Ploceus cucullatus</i>
Vieillot's Black Weaver	<i>Ploceus nigerrimus</i>
Black-headed Weaver	<i>Ploceus melanocephalus</i>
Golden-backed Weaver	<i>Ploceus jacksoni</i>
Yellow-mantled Weaver	<i>Ploceus tricolor</i>
Compact Weaver	<i>Ploceus superciliosus</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Brown-capped Weaver	<i>Ploceus insignis</i>
Blue-billed Malimbe	<i>Malimbus nitens</i>
Red-headed Malimbe	<i>Malimbus rubricollis</i>
Crested Malimbe	<i>Malimbus malimbicus</i>
Red-headed Weaver	<i>Anaplectes rubriceps</i>
Cardinal Ouelea	<i>Ouelea cardinalis</i>
Red-billed Quelea	<i>Ouelea quelea</i>
Black Bishop	<i>Euplectes gierowii</i>
Black-winged Red Bishop	<i>Euplectes hordeaceus</i>
Southern Red Bishop	<i>Euplectes orix</i>
Northern Red Bishop	<i>Euplectes franciscanus</i>
Yellow Bishop	<i>Euplectes capensis</i>
Fan-tailed Widowbird	<i>Euplectes axillaris</i>
Yellow-mantled Widowbird	<i>Euplectes macroura</i>
Marsh Widowbird	<i>Euplectes hartlaubi</i>
White-winged Widowbird	<i>Euplectes albonotatus</i>
Red-collared Widowbird	<i>Euplectes ardens</i>
<b>Waxbills, Munias &amp; Allies (Estrildidae)</b>	
Bronze Mannikin	<i>Spermestes cucullata</i>
Magpie Mannikin	<i>Spermestes fringilloides</i>
Black-and-white Mannikin	<i>Spermestes bicolor</i>
White-collared Oliveback	<i>Nesocharis ansorgei</i>
Yellow-bellied Waxbill	<i>Coccothraustes quartinia</i>
Dusky Crimsonwing	<i>Cryptospiza jacksoni</i>
White-breasted Nigrita	<i>Nigrita fusconotus</i>
Chestnut-breasted Nigrita	<i>Nigrita bicolor</i>
Grey-headed Nigrita	<i>Nigrita canicapillus</i>
Grey-headed Oliveback	<i>Delacourella capistrata</i>
Black-crowned Waxbill	<i>Estrilda nonnula</i>
Kandt's Waxbill	<i>Estrilda kandti</i>
Fawn-breasted Waxbill	<i>Estrilda paludicola</i>
Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Black-rumped Waxbill	<i>Estrilda troglodytes</i>
Crimson-rumped Waxbill	<i>Estrilda rhodopyga</i>
Quailfinch	<i>Ortygospiza atricollis</i>
Orange-breasted Waxbill	<i>Amandava subflava</i>
Red-cheeked Cordon-bleu	<i>Uraeginthus bengalus</i>
Red-headed Bluebill	<i>Spermophaga ruficapilla</i>
Green-winged Pytilia	<i>Pytilia melba</i>
Dusky Twinspot (H)	<i>Euschistospiza cinereovinacea</i>
Brown Twinspot	<i>Clytospiza monteiri</i>
Red-billed Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta senegala</i>
African Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rubricata</i>
Black-bellied Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rara</i>
Bar-breasted Firefinch	<i>Lagonosticta rufopicta</i>
<b>Indigobirds, Whydahs (Viduidae)</b>	
Village Indigobird	<i>Vidua chalybeata</i>
Pin-tailed Whydah	<i>Vidua macroura</i>
Steel-blue Whydah	<i>Vidua hypocherina</i>
<b>Wagtails, Pipits (Motacillidae)</b>	
Cape Wagtail	<i>Motacilla capensis</i>
Mountain Wagtail	<i>Motacilla clara</i>
African Pied Wagtail	<i>Motacilla aguimp</i>
Yellow-throated Longclaw	<i>Macronyx croceus</i>
African Pipit	<i>Anthus cinnamomeus</i>
Long-billed Pipit	<i>Anthus similis</i>
Plain-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus leucophrys</i>
<b>Finches, Euphonias (Fringillidae)</b>	
Oriole Finch	<i>Linurgus olivaceus</i>
Western Citril	<i>Crithagra frontalis</i>
Black-throated Canary	<i>Crithagra atrogularis</i>
Reichenow's Seedeater	<i>Crithagra reichenowi</i>

Common Name	Scientific Name
Yellow-fronted Canary	<i>Crithagra mozambica</i>
Brimstone Canary	<i>Crithagra sulphurata</i>
Thick-billed Seed eater	<i>Crithagra burtoni</i>
Streaky Seed eater	<i>Crithagra striolata</i>
Yellow-crowned Canary	<i>Serinus flavivertex</i>
<b>Buntings (Emberizidae)</b>	
Cinnamon-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza tahapisi</i>
Golden-breasted Bunting	<i>Emberiza flaviventris</i>
Brown-rumped Bunting	<i>Emberiza affinis</i>
Cabanis's Bunting	<i>Emberiza cabanisi</i>

Species seen:	597
Species heard:	18
Total recorded:	615

### Mammal List – Following Mammalwatching.com

The following notation after species names is used to show conservation status following the IUCN Red List: CR = Critically Endangered, EN = Endangered, VU = Vulnerable.

<b>Elephants (Elephantidae)</b>	
African Savanna Elephant - EN	<i>Loxodonta africana</i>
<b>Hyraxes (Procaviidae)</b>	
Bush Hyrax	<i>Heterohyrax brucei</i>
Rock Hyrax	<i>Procavia capensis</i>
<b>Old World Monkeys (Cercopithecidae)</b>	
L'Hoest's Monkey - VU	<i>Allochrocebus lhoesti</i>
Red-tailed Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus ascanius</i>



Dent's Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus denti</i>
Blue Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus mitis</i>
De Brazza's Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus neglectus</i>
Vervet Monkey	<i>Chlorocebus pygerythrus</i>
Common Patas Monkey	<i>Erythrocebus patas</i>
Olive Baboon	<i>Papio anubis</i>
Guereza	<i>Colobus guereza</i>
Ashy Red Colobus - EN	<i>Piliocolobus tephrosceles</i>
<b>Great Apes (Hominidae)</b>	
Eastern Gorilla - CR	<i>Gorilla beringei</i>
Chimpanzee - EN	<i>Pan troglodytes</i>
<b>Galagos (Galagidae)</b>	
Demidoff's Dwarf Galago	<i>Galagoides demidoff</i>
<b>Lorises and Pottos (Lorisidae)</b>	
East African Potto	<i>Perodicticus ibeanus</i>
<b>Squirrels (Sciuridae)</b>	
Carruther's Mountain Squirrel	<i>Funisciurus carruthersi</i>
Red-legged Sun Squirrel	<i>Heliosciurus rufobrachium</i>
Ruwenzori Sun Squirrel	<i>Heliosciurus ruwenzorii</i>
Alexander's Bush Squirrel	<i>Paraxerus alexandri</i>
Striped Ground Squirrel	<i>Euxerus erythropus</i>
<b>False Vampire Bats (Megadermatidae)</b>	
Yellow-winged False-vampire	<i>Lavia frons</i>

<b>Canids (Canidae)</b>	
Side-striped Jackal	<i>Lupulella adustus</i>
<b>Felids (Felidae)</b>	
Lion - VU	<i>Panthera leo</i>
Leopard - VU	<i>Panthera pardus</i>
<b>Mongoose (Herpestidae)</b>	
Common Slender Mongoose	<i>Herpestes sanguineus</i>
Common Dwarf Mongoose	<i>Helogale parvula</i>
<b>Equines (Equidae)</b>	
Plains Zebra	<i>Equus quagga</i>
<b>Bovids (Bovidae)</b>	
Impala	<i>Aepyceros melampus</i>
Hartebeest	<i>Alcelaphus buselaphus</i>
Tsessebe	<i>Damaliscus lunatus</i>
Oribi	<i>Ourebia ourebi</i>
Rwenzori Red Duiker	<i>Cephalophorus rubidus</i>
Bush Duiker	<i>Sylvicapra grimmia</i>
Waterbuck	<i>Kobus ellipsiprymnus</i>
Kob	<i>Kobus kob</i>
Bohor Reedbuck	<i>Redunca redunca</i>
Cape Buffalo	<i>Syncerus caffer</i>
Common Eland	<i>Tragelaphus oryx</i>
Northern Bushbuck	<i>Tragelaphus scriptus</i>
Sitatunga	<i>Tragelaphus spekii</i>

<b>Giraffes and Okapi (Giraffidae)</b>	
Northern Giraffe - VU	<i>Giraffa camelopardalis</i>
<b>Suids (Suidae)</b>	
Common Warthog	<i>Phacochoerus africanus</i>
<b>Hippopotamuses (Hippopotamidae)</b>	
Common Hippopotamus - VU	<i>Hippopotamus amphibius</i>
<b>Species recorded:</b>	<b>45</b>